THE COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance—$2 24 if not paid in advance and $2.50 if payment be delayed be ond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1876.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. X, NO. 47
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLI, NO. 28

Rates of Advertising.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1M.	3M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	13.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60.00
One column	30.00	36.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements at half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Iram Derr, M. G. Hughes.
Prothonotary, &c.—H. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—
Surve or—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. McIlheynolds.
Commissioners—John Herner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—O. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Asb'l. O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Grotz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robbins, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President; C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. P. Austin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. J. Mecron.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. S. McMurray.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Residence—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rector—
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. K. IKELER, Attorney at Law. Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. 68

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5, Oct. 13, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main st., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

WHEN YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS SHAVE or anything in the TONSORIAL LINE go to

JAMES REILLY'S BARBER SHOP,

THE BEST IN TOWN,

Under Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 13, '75-ly

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

WM. L. EYERLY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

THE "MOODY SHIRT."

MADE TO ORDER ONLY.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

Gentlemen desiring Shirts will please drop us a line and our Agent will call and get the measurement. Factory Corner Penn and Centre streets.

Address P. O. MOODY,
March 16,'76-1y Sunbury, Pa

LOUIS BERNHARD,

Dealer in

ELGIN WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silverware, Watches and Jewelry

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, of American and Foreign manufacture.

Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks,

FINE JEWELRY, &C., &C.

REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING

Promptly Executed.

Oct. 3, '75-1y

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to take out patents, or desiring information from the United States Patent Office should consult F. A. TEHMANN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. Examinations free. NO PATENT NO PAY. Send for Circular.

Oct. 6, '76. 2 & w

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,

Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.

Office over Klein's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

All calls night or day promptly attended to.

Apr. 23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office, North Market street,

Mar. 27, '74-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store. Apr. 23'75-tf

SAMUEL KNORR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

E. E. ORVIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building. Sept. 18, 1875.

C. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. july1,'73—y

C. E. & W. J. BUCKALEW,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Office on Main Street, first door below Court House Mar. 6, '74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.

A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

☞All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. july1,'73—y

F. P. BILLMEYER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Apr. 14,'76-1y.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.

Agents for Continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Centralia, Pa.

Feb 18, '76-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., R. Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached. October 8, '75-tf

C. M. BROWN,

has removed his Boot and Shoe Store from Brown's Hotel to 1st door above Wagonseller and Sharpless', Towanda Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct 1, '75-1y

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

Opposite the Court House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county

W. B. KOONS, Proprietor.

Oct. 8, '75-1y

W. HOWELL,

DENTIST.

Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

May 26—1y.

E. J. THORNTON

would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8,'75

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	Capital. 6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	9,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,000,000
Lafayette	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,100,000
American of Philadelphia	1,100,000
Atlas of Hartford	5,000,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	250,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,325,000

March 26,'77—y

THE UNDERSIGNED, representing several of the most conservative and reliable American Fire Insurance Companies, would beg leave to offer his services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, requesting a reasonable share of the public patronage.

W. J. POWELL.

Bloomsburg, July 18, 1876.
Office in Brower's Block.

July 21-6m.*

Columbia County BANK,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.

Formerly the Bank of Espy, removed April first, 1876. Is conveniently located in the central part of the town, and does a general BANKING business. Money received on deposit subject to check without notice. Special arrangements made with depositors, and interest allowed on time Deposits.

Issue Drafts on New York and Philadelphia.

Collections made on all important towns in the U. S., at lowest rates of exchange. Bonds and stocks bought and sold, and coupons collected. Every security given to depositors that can be offered by any Bank.

DISCOUNT DAYS:—Tuesday and Friday.

RATE, SIX PER CENT.

Aug. 10, '76-6m.

Farm & Mill Property for Sale or Rent.

The farm and mill property known as the Jacob Yohe mill property, in Mifflin township, is for sale or rent. Every thing is in first class condition. A rare chance for a good miller. Terms easy. Apply soon to

JOHN W. EVANS,
Berwick, Pa.

Nov3-4w

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete Outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will bear expense of starting you. Particulars free. Write and see. Farmers and mechanic their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine. Sept. 8, '76.-11m.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

DR. SWAYNE,

The discoverer and compounder of the far-famed

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry

and other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the important advantage of a regular medical education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia, and, perhaps, in the world. He subsequently served a faithful term of practice in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended in the Hospital. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms, as well as for ascertaining the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruits of his extensive professional experience in the medical compounds as the best results of his skill and observation, he feels that he is but proffering a boon to every family throughout the land, resting, as he does, confidently in the merits and efficatious virtue of the remedies he herewith commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven "DOCTOR SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" the most efficacious remedy known, and it is admitted by our most eminent physicians, and all who have witnessed its wonderful healing properties. The WILD CHERRY in all ages of the world and in all countries where it is known has been justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal qualities, but its great power to cure some of the worst and most distressing diseases among us was never fully ascertained until the experiments of that skilful physician, Dr. Swayne, had demonstrated its high adaptation, in combination with Pine Tree Tar, and other equally valuable vegetable ingredients, which chemically combined renders it action tenfold more certain and beneficial in curing all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs. DR. SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY COMPOUND strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous and shattered constitution. If your druggist or storekeeper does not have it, do not be put off by any other remedy that may be offered, but send to us direct, and we will forward a half dozen to any address, freight paid, on receipt of $3, price $1 a bottle, or $5 the half dozen. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice.

Ask Your Druggist for Them.

Females and all who value health should never be without DR. SWAYNE'S TAR AND SARSAPARILLA PILLS, as they purify the blood, remove all obstructions, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek. Female irregularities are restored to a healthy condition. They are a certain cure for Sick and Nervous Headache. As a Dinner Pill, nothing can exceed them: take one, two, or three, as may be found necessary; unlike others, they neither gripe, produce nausea, or any other unpleasant sensation, while they are as powerful as it is possible for a medicine to be and be harmless. These Pills cleanse out the disordered humors, enrich and purify the blood, remove all unhealthy bilious secretions of the stomach and bowels, causing a perfectly healthy state of the liver, and are undoubtedly the best cathartic and antibilious medicine yet discovered; and we are determined that the sick shall have them at a price within the means of the poorest **(25 cents a box of 30 Pills.)** If your druggist or storekeeper has not got them, do not be put off by any others that may be offered in their place, but send to us direct, and we will forward by mail, on receipt of the price, 25 cents a box or five boxes $1.

SKIN DISEASES.

Swayne's Ointment,

Is particularly adapted to all forms of skin diseases. Cures even when all other remedies and treatment fail.

Cures Tetter,	Scald Head,
Salt Rheum,	Ringworm,
Barber's Itch,	Pimples, Sores,
Prarie Itch	Army Itch,
Sore Heads,	Blotches, Scurvy,
Humors, Piles,	Chronic Erysipelas of the
All Eruptions,	face.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

Seems to cure every case, leaving the skin smooth and clear without a blemish behind.

Itching Piles

is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, distressing itching, as though pin worms were crawling in or about the rectum, particularly at night when undressing, or in bed after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as winter, oftentimes shows itself around the private parts, and is not confined to males only, but is quite as frequent that females are sorely afflicted, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, proving distressing almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

Dr. Swayne & Son:—Gentlemen—The box of Ointment you sent me by mail cured me entirely of Itching Piles, which I suffered with for five years. Enclosed find fifty cents for another box for a friend of mine. ANDREW J. BEACH.
Farmwell Station, London Co., Va.

Rev. Isaac Holland, Webster, Taylor county W. Va. writes:
November 20, 1875—I have been a sufferer from Itching Piles. I procured a box of your ointment last spring which gave me instant relief, and feel confident it will effect a permanent cure. Enclosed find fifty cents, for which please send me another box by mail.

An Eruption of 8 Years Standing.

I was troubled with an eruption of eight years standing, intolerable at times; tried many preparations without finding relief. Through the use of Swayne's All-Healing Ointment I am entirely cured. JOSEPH LAMBERT.
At Hortsman & Bros., 5th and Cherry, Phila.

I was entirely cured of Tetter

in its worst form by Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment, and shall be happy to explain my case to all who may call upon me. JAMES MCKINLEY, West Fall Hotel, 22d Street, below Lombard, Philadelphia.

Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50 cents a box.

Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. No charge for advice.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of

SWAYNE'S PANACEA,

celebrated all over the world for its remarkable cures of Scrofula, Mercurial and Syphilitic complaints, and in cases where Syphilitic virus of the parent causes development of Syphilis or Scrofula in the child nothing has ever proved so effectual in completely eradicating every vestige of these dangerous complaints and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood.

To be particular to obtain the genuine, as prepared by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. 6th St., Philadelphia. See that the name is spelled correctly, SWAYNE, as there are preparations of somewhat similar name in the market.

IS YOUR HAIR FALLING OUT

OR TURNING GRAY?

IF SO DO NOT FAIL TO USE

The most	London Hair Color restorer
Reliable Hair	London Hair Color Restorer
Restorative ever	London Hair Color Restorer
Introduced to the	London Hair Color Restorer
American	London Hair Color Restorer
People	London Hair Color Restorer
For Restoring	London Hair Color Restorer
Gray Hair and	London Hair Color Restorer
Preventing	London Hair Color Restorer
Baldness.	London Hair Color Restorer
The great	London Hair Color Restorer
Luxury of	London Hair Color Reporter
the Dress-	London Hair Color Restorer
Room.	London Hair Color Restorer

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore the natural secretions.
4. It will remove all dandruff and Itching.
5. It will make the hair soft, glossy and flexible
6. It will preserve the original color to old age.
7. It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8. It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

75 Cents per Bottle.

6 bottles $4. Sent by express to any address on receipt of price.

Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth Street, Phila., Pa., sole proprietors.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Aug 13, '76—1y.

Poetical.

HER TREASURES.

BY MARY AINGE DE VERE.

I keep them in the old, old box
That Willie gave me years ago,
The time we parted on the rocks;
His ship lay swinging to and fro,
At waiting in the lower bay.
I thought my heart would break that day!

The picture with the pensive eyes
Is Willie's? No, dear, that's young Blake,
Who took the West Point highest prize:
He went half crazy for my sake.
Here are a lot of rhymes he wrote,
And here's a button off his coat.

Is this his ring? My dearest May,
I never took a ring from him!
This was a gift from Howard Clay.
Just see, the pearls are getting dim.
They say that pearls are tears,—what stuff!
The setting looks a little rough.

He was as handsome as a prince—
And jealous! But he went to Rome
Last fall. He's never written since.
I used to visit at his home,—
A lovely place beyond Fort Lee:
His mother thought the world of me!

Oh no! I sent his letters back.
These came to me from Washington.
But look what a tremendous pack!
He always wrote me three for one.
I know I used to treat him ill,—
Poor Jack!—he fell at Chancellorsville.

The vignettes—all that lot—are scalps
I took in London, Naples, Nice.
At Paris, and among the Alps:
Those foreign lovers are like geese.
But, dear, they are such handsome men.
We go to France, next year, again!

This is the doctor's signet ring.
—These faded flowers? Oh, let me see:
Why, what a very curious thing!
Who could have sent these flowers to me?
Ah! now I have it,—Count de Twirl:
He married that fat Crosbie girl.

His hair was red.—You need not look
So sadly at that raven tress.
You know the head that look forsook:
You know,—but you could never guess!
Nor would I tell you for the world
About whose brow that ringlet curled.

Why won't I tell? Well, partly, child,
Because you like the man yourself:
But most because—don't get so wild!
I have not laid him on the shelf,—
He's not a bygone. In a year,
I'll tell you all about him, dear.

—*Scribner for December.*

WHAT ARE THE STARS?

Are they white lambs, these stars on high,
That, when the day star sinks in night
Still feed in pastures of the sky,
And to the shepherds lend their light?

Or silver lilies are they, there,
With sweetest petals open spread,
That, when we mortals rest from care,
Their fragrance o'er the weary shed?

Or consecrated candles tall,
That on God's altar shine so bright,
The darkness of our earthly ball
To dissipate with softest light?

Ah! no! they are letters fair,
With which good angels, clothed in white,
Sweet hymns of love for us prepare,
And in Heaven's book of record write.

From the German.

Miscellaneous.

A BLIGHT IN SUMMER.

I was not the regular doctor, for the practice at Burnley belonged to Fred Garnet, an old hospital friend of mine, who had taken to a simple country practice, while I had been roaming about the word as a surgeon in emigrant ships, and during the Franco German war. We had met after seven years when I wanted a month's quiet in the country, and he had asked me to attend to his practice, while he came up to town to pass a degree, for he was a hard-studying, ambitious fellow.

A man at the door desired me to come over and see his master, who was dying of gout. This was the announcement by the servant. Saving that I had been consulted about a "terrible wherritin' pain" in the back of an old lady of 75, this was my first call.

"There's Miss Kate a-watching for us."

I could see the flutter of a white dress by the gate as we drove on, but my attention was too much taken up by the prettiness of the place, and I was gaping idly about, thinking nothing of "Miss Kate" and her cares, when the gig stopped and I jumped down.

"Here he is, uncle dear" she cried.

"Time he was here," exclaimed some one with a savage roar.

After giving various little orders I placed the tender leg in an easy position, the patient breaking out into furious exclamations the while. Then by means of some hoops from a small wooden tub I made a little gypsy tent over the limb so that the coverings did not touch the exquisitely tender skin, and at the end of half an hour had the pleasure of hearing a sigh of satisfaction, of seeing a smile steal over the face, which was now smooth and bedewed with a gentle perspiration, and directly after, in a drowsy voice, my patient said:

"Kitty, my darling, he's a trump. Take him into the next room and apologize to him and tell him I'm not always such a beast."

He was half asleep already, while I—even in that short hour—I had fallen into a dream, a dream of love; I, who had never loved before, nor thought of it but as sickly boy and girl stuff, unworthy of busy men.

I cannot tell you how the day passed, only that Kate Anstey had implored me not to leave her uncle yet; and I? I was her slave and would have done her bidding even to the death.

He was soon better, but my visits to the farm were more frequent than ever. I went one day as usual, but instead of Kate being at the window and running out to meet me, the old gentleman stood at the door, looking very angry, and he at once caught hold of my coat and dragged me into the kitchen.

"Is anything wrong?" I said, trembling.

"Yes, lots," said the old man. "What do you come here for?"

"For mercy's sake, don't keep it back!" I said, for the room seemed to swim round me. "Is Kate ill?"

"Yes I think she is," he said gruffly. "But look here, young man, what does this mean?"

"Mean," I said. "Oh, Mr. Brand, if she is ill let me see her at once!"

"She don't look very bad," he said, peeping through the crack of the door into the parlor, where I could see her white dress; "but I say, young man, you'd better not come any more. She's growing dull, and I can't have my darling made a fool of."

"Made a fool of!" I stammered.

"Yes," he said gruffly; "what do you come here for?"

I was silent for a minute, with a wondrous feeling stealing over me, as at last my lips said—I did not prompt them—"because I love her with all my heart."

"And you have told her so?"

"Not a word," I said slowly. My hand was being crushed as in a vise the next minute.

"I'm not a gentleman, Doctor, but I know one when I meet one. There, you may go and talk to her, if it's as you say, for if it's true you wouldn't make her unhappy; but, my lad, the man who trifled with that girl's heart would be the greatest scoundrel that ever stepped on God's earth."

The whole of this part of my life is so dreamy that it is all like some golden vision.

But I was at her chair, I know, and that glorious evening I was content to watch the soft, dreamy face beside me, as she sat there with her hands folded in her lap, watching the sunset.

At last we rose and walked together through the wood, to stop at last beneath an overshadowing tree, and there in low, broken words I told her I loved her, and in her sweet girlish simplicity she laid her hands upon my shoulders, looked up in my face, and promised to be my little wife.

I went home that night riding in a wonderful triumphal chariot instead of a gig, and, to my great surprise, on reaching the house there was Fred Garnet.

"Back already?" I stammered.

"Already? Why, the month's up," he said laughing. "You must have had good sport with your fishing, Master Max."

It came upon me like thunder, this return, and I lay that night awake—happy, but miserable, for this meant the end of my visit, and what was to come in the future? I had not thought of that.

I put it off for the time, and having obtained willing permission from Garnet, I went his rounds the next morning, and, of course, found my way to the farm.

I fancy the servant looked at me in rather a peculiar, constrained way, as she said that her master had gone to the off-hand farm.

"And Miss Kate?" I said.

"She's down in the wood, sir," said the girl.

I waited to hear no more, but ran along the garden, leaped the gate, and crossing two fields, went through the wilderness, and over the stile into the wood.

"My darling!" I kept repeating, as I hurried on, expecting to meet her at every turn, and then I stopped short, with a horrible pang seeming to catch my heart. I was dizzy, faint, raging with anger and mad in turn, but that all passed off, to leave a bitter crushing sense of misery as I held on by a young sapling, and peered at the scene before me.

There stood, with her back to me, Kate—false, false Kate—with the arm of a tall, handsome, military looking man encircling her waist, her head resting on his shoulder, and, even as I gazed, he bent his head down and she raised her arms—her face—her lips to meet his kisses, as he folded her tightly to his breast.

I saw no more, but stole blindly away, went to the stable, saddled and bridled the horse in a dreamy fashion, mounted and rode back to Burnley, threw the bridle to the man, walked straight to the station without seeing Fred Garnet, and went off to London.

Six months glided by, and then I was once more called upon to take charge of the practice of a friend in the suburbs.

It was one dark night in the winter that I was just going to bed, half wishing that I had a call—for I knew that I should only lie and toss about sleepless, and I was too good a doctor to try my own drugs—when the surgery bell rang sharply, and the summons that I had wished for came.

It was a policeman with a hansom cab, and his oilskins shone wet and vividly in the red light of the lamp over the door.

"Axiden' case, sir," he said. "Dr. Barker in the next street's got in 'and sir, and he wants help."

I learned from him that a gentleman had been knocked down by the very same cab we were in, and trampled upon by the horses before the wheel went over and broke his leg.

We were there in a few minutes, and I was shown into the back parlor of a comfortably furnished house, where the sufferer had been laid upon a mattress.

A brief conversation with my colleague ensued, and he told me what he feared and how he was situated, another important call demanding his presence. The result was that I agreed that we would examine the patient, and then I would stay till Dr. Barker's return.

A faint groan from the mattress saluted us as we turned to our patient, and as I held the lamp over his face, and the light fell upon the fair hair and long drooping moustache, I nearly dropped it.

"Nemesis!" I thought. Mine enemy delivered into my hand. Kate's lover lying bruised and broken—crushed like a reed at my feet. And now I need not kill him to be revenged for all his cruelty to me, but stand by supine, and he would die.

For a few brief moments told me that I possessed greater knowledge than my colleague's, and that if I withheld mine, nothing which Dr. Barker could do would save the flame even now trembling in the socket of life's lamp.

The scene in the wood flashed before me once again as I stood there—Kate's sweet face upturned asking for this man's kisses, and all so vivid that my brain reeled and a mist floated before my eyes.

"What do you think, Mr. Lawler?" said a voice at my elbow, and I started back into the present.

"That he'll be past saving in an hour," I said, quietly.

"I fear so," said Dr. Barker, shrugging his shoulders.

"Unless—"

Here I unfolded my plans as I said bitterly to myself, "And heap coals of fire upon his head. Kate, take your lover, and God forgive you!"

"Excellent," exclaimed Dr. Barker, who was a frank, gentlemanly fellow, without professional jealousies; and in an hour's time we had done all that was necessary, our patient was breathing easily, and Dr. Barker was shaking my hand.

"He's saved, Mr. Lawler. You've saved his life. Now I'll be off and get back in an hour's time. You've given me the greatest lesson in surgery I ever had in my life."

And then I was alone, thinking bitterly of what I had done.

"Kate—Kate—darling!"

Those words feebly muttered brought me to myself, and I was the cold, hard man once more as I rose, and taking the lamp, bent down over my patient, whose eyes now opened and he stared at me.

"Where's Kate?" he asked; "and where—what——" He stopped short.

"Hush!" I said, coldly; "you have had an accident."

"Accident? Oh, yes, I remember, I was going to catch the night train for Burnley, when that confounded cab—"

"You must not talk," I said, fighting hard to contain myself. "You are seriously hurt."

That last was not professional, but there was grim pleasure in giving him some pain.

"That's bad, doctor," he whispered, "for I was going down—to see my darling—she's very ill."

"Ill!" I exclaimed, starting.

"Yes," he said, speaking with pain; and I could not stop him now. "Consumption, they say, broken heart, I think. Some scoundrel—"

Falmost dropped the lamp as I caught his hand and gripped it, and said in a hoarse choking voice, for I was struggling to see the full light:

"What do you wish me to do?"

"Telegraph, at any expense, to my brother-in-law. Take it down or you'll forget. From Christopher Anstey to John Brand, Greenmead Burnley. Say Kate is not to fidget. You know best."

"Yes, yes," I stammered, my hands trembling as I took out a pencil and pretended to write "Miss Kate," then I faltered, "is——"

"My darling child!" sobbed the poor fellow, "and she's dying!"

He was too weak, too faint to heed me, as with a bitter groan I turned away stunned—mad almost at my folly. For I saw it all now, poor, weak, pitiful, jealous fool that I was. I had seen the girl that I worshipped, petted and caressed by her own father, and without seeking or asking an explanation, I had rushed away, leaving her to think me a scoundrel, nay, worse.

When I turned once more to the mattress my patient had fallen asleep, and I stood there thinking.

In a few minutes I had made my plans; then, watch in hand, I impatiently waited for Dr. Barker's return.

He was back to his time, and in a few words I had made my arrangements.

"Doctor," I said, "you said you were in my debt for to-night's work."

"My dear sir, I'll write you a check for twenty guineas, with pleasure," he replied.

"Pay me in this way," I said: "See that patients whose names I have written on this slip of paper are attended to well for the next two days, and tell our friend here that his message has been seen to."

He promised eagerly, and the next minute I was in the street, running to the nearest cab stand.

I was just in time to catch the early morning train, and half mad, half joyous, I sat impatiently there till the train dropped me at Burnley, where the fly slowly jolted me over to the Four Mile Farm.

It was a bright, frosty morning, and the sun glanced from the river upon the trees, but I could think only of one thing as I kept urging the driver on, and he must have thought me mad as I leapt out and rushed into the well-known parlor.

"Kate!" I cried, as half blind I ran toward a pale face lying back in an easy chair by the fire.

"You scoundrel!" was roared at the same moment, and the sturdy farmer had pinned me by the throat.

"Yes, all that," I said; "only hear me."

His hands dropped as Kate uttered a low cry and fainted.

"Quick!" I said, "water and some brandy."

With a low growl of rage my old patient for gout obeyed me, and in a few minutes Kate opened her eyes to look full in mine as her head rested on my arm.

"Have you come—to say good-bye?" she said, feebly; and there was such a look of reproach in that poor worn face that I could only answer in a whisper:

"No, no—to ask you to give and bless me with your love; to ask you to forgive me for my weakness, for I must have been mad."

A deep groan made me turn my head to see that the farmer's head was down upon his arms, and his broad shoulders were heaving.

"I thought you would never come again," said Kate, feebly; "but I never gave up hope."—*Cassell's Family Magazine.*

Effect of Recoil in Rifle Shooting.

It has been a question with marksmen, says the Springfield (*Mass.*) *Union*, whether the recoil of a pistol or rifle occurred before the ball left the bore. Many have contended that it did not, and the tendency of a pistol to "throw up," did not effect its accuracy. A recent experiment seems to have shown conclusively that the recoil occurs before the ball leaves the bore and does affect its direction. The experiment was this: A rifle barrel, twelve inches long, for convenience, was secured to a solid bed in such a way as to prevent any movement but that of recoil directly to the rear and upward. In this situation it was fired a number of times, and the balls followed each other in the same hole in the target. An incline or wedge was then made fast upon the bed at the rear of the barrel in such a way that the breech would be raised as it slid back in the recoil. Fired under these conditions, it sent the balls lower than before. This showed that the recoil and subsequent elevation of the breech occured in season to effect the direction of the ball, that is, before it had left the bore. Of course the length of the barrel has an effect in several ways upon the degree in which the recoil affects the accuracy of the shooting.

How Many Apples Did Adam and Eve Eat?

Some say Eve 8 and Adam 2, a total of 10 only. Now we figure the thing out far differently. Eve 8 and

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Nov. 24, 1876.

THE PRESIDENCY.

The vexed Presidential question has not yet been solved. We had hoped that before this, the votes of the whole number of states would have been counted and the result ascertained beyond controversy.

The present condition of affairs is as follows. In South Carolina the Democrats have elected Governor and Lieut. Governor; have gained seven State Senators and thirty-one Representatives, which gives a majority in the Legislature and secures the return of a Democrat to the United States Senate; have gained two Congressmen and elected a Comptroller General. The vote for President has not been canvassed. In Florida, the returns from all the counties have not been received and grave suspicions have been aroused that they have been held back for manipulation. M. L. Stearns, the Republican Governor, of the State coolly proposed a few days since to count the vote of the State himself, on the ground that the Returning Board had no power to count the votes for electors. This sublime piece of impertinence was put an end to by Judge White of the United States Circuit Court who issued an injunction restraining the Governor from the proposed action. The Judge has also issued a mandamus commanding the Returning Board to proceed with the count. There is but little doubt that the State has gone Democratic. Judge Wescott of the Supreme Court, a prominent Republican who at first claimed the State for Hayes now concedes the election of Tilden and publishes a letter to that effect. The evident aim of the Returning Board is to take advantage of a State law giving them thirty five days in which to make their returns. This would carry them to December 13th, whilst the Governor is required by law to sign the certificates of election by December 6th. Of course if there were no returns from the Board the Governor could give the certificates to whom he pleased. It is probable that this little scheme will fall through.

In Louisiana the counting of the vote progresses slowly, only a few parishes having been disposed of. The Returning Board have modified materially their first decision to hold secret sessions and have admitted five Republicans and five Democrats of the Northern Commissioners. The parishes thus far counted have been those in which there were no protests offered as to illegal voting, intimidation and the like.

The Democratic majority in the State is about 7,000 on the electoral ticket, except in the case of five electors on the Republican ticket who fell behind more than 2,000—thus giving the Democrats over 9,000 majority. It is of course impossible to foretell what action the Board may take as to disputed parishes, but as matters now stand it looks as if the Democrats would have over 3,000 majority if the Board throws out the five disputed parishes. The eyes of the whole country are upon the Board, and the plainly expressed opinions of leading men and papers in the North, to the effect that there must be an honest count, will have some effect in restraining the Board. We trust and believe that the electoral vote of the State will be given for Tilden and that Florida will be given to him also.

NOW DON'T.

Our readers have heard of "doubting Thomas," but the *positive* Thomas of the Danville *Intelligencer*, in speaking of the Congressional vote, after giving some inaccurate figures, launches the following:—

This is a splendid result, as it shows an increase in Collins' majority over that of two years ago of 1285. In Columbia county he was cut 347 votes through the combined efforts of the *Columbian's* clique which paper refused to hoist Mr. Collins name, and the effort of Mr. Waller the Radical candidate who resides in that county. In this county Mr. Collins falls behind Tilden's vote 97, which comes from the same influence that prevailed in Columbia.

This is true, except that the COLUMBIAN *did* hoist his name, and every ticket containing it was printed at this office. Instead of being cut 347 votes in this County, he ran behind only 243 votes, a result due to the fact that Mr. Waller was an old and respected citizen of the county, and identified with its progress. Mr. Collins is a stranger to the mass of our people, and this complimentary vote was given a prominent man when it could not harm Mr Collins. Again, instead of Mr. Collins' running 97 votes behind Gov. Tilden in Montour, it was only 31. To show the fallaciousness of such reasoning it is only necessary to add that Mr. Waller gained 157 more votes in Luzerne than Mr. Collins, as compared with his vote in 1874.

Try again, Thomas! and see if you can at least give the correct figures of your own county next time.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Board of Canvassers on Wednesday last, in contempt of the Supreme Court of the State, before which tribunal proceedings were pending, issued certificates of election to all the members of the Legislature, thus securing a Republican majority and securing the defeat of Hampton for Governor. The Board also issued certificates of election to the Hayes electors and to all the Republican State ticket, and this in the face of a rule issued by the Court, on the Board, to show cause why they should not correct the statements of the county canvassers.

The conspirators have over-reached themselves. Such flagrant contempt of court will hardly be overlooked, and the citizens will try every legal means of redress before submitting to the outrageous action of the Board.

The following dispatch from the Chairman of the Republican National Committee to the Republican Governor of Florida, has been made public.

Washington, November 8. *Hon. M. L. Stearns:* Florida must be made republican. Troops and money will be furnished.

Z. Chandler.

We do not believe the dispatch is genuine. If it is, Chandler ought to be hung to the most convenient lamp-post. The country has had about enough of Chandler.

The views we expressed last week in regard to the Electoral College are so ably reinforced by the communication of Senator Buckalew that we call special attention of our readers and cotemporaries to it.

Can any one tell us definitely what party Gen. Banks represents? When last heard from he was a sort of Democratic-Republican-Independent. He's "mighty onsartin."

MORE TROOPS.

Within the past few days there has been a concentration of troops at Washington. The number now there so far as can be ascertained is 1270, and it is said that they will be reinforced by two or three ships of war. Three monitors have been ordered to Hampton Roads to await orders. The authorities at first denied that they were there for any specific purpose, but that they belonged to Gen. Hancock's division, which included Washington—that it meant nothing. Subsequently a prominent officer of the War Department stated that their presence was intended to prevent disturbance at the Democratic ratification meeting to be held on the 29th. The New York *Times* has, however, let the cat out of the bag by stating that "probably nobody expected that Washington would be left without troops during the proceedings for determining who is President, but they are brought here sooner than was expected." So it seems there was a reason, after all the denials, for filling the city with troops. In these days it appears that troops are necessary in counting the votes for President and also in inaugurating him. Thoughtful and considerate men may fail to see the necessity for bayonets in either case, but the administration treats it as a matter of course. Matters have an evil look, but it is to be hoped that the calm, good sense of the people may triumph in the end and that out of this turmoil of anxiety and distrust there may come peace and repose.

One of the Republican electors of Vermont is Henry N. Sollace, a postmaster, who is ineligible under the Constitution of the United States, because he holds a position of trust and profit under the Government. Mr. Amos Aldrich, the highest elector on the Democratic ticket has employed counsel and will insist on being declared legally elected. The Republicans claim that there is a vacancy which can be filled. This is denied by the Democrats and their position seems to be correct.

The following quotations on the subject, from Cushing's "Elements of the Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies" are conclusive. Judge Luther S. Cushing, for a long time reporter of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts and professor in the Harvard law school, was a jurist of great authority and his opinion can hardly be disputed:

175. If an election is made of a person who is ineligible, that is, incapable of being elected, the election of such person is absolutely void, even though he is voted for at the same time with others who are eligible, and who are accordingly elected, and this is equally true whether the disability is known to the electors or not; whether a majority of all the votes or a plurality only, is necessary to the election, and whether the votes are given orally or by ballot.

176. In reference to elections by ballot in which secrecy is the distinguishing feature, and in which, consequently, neither the returning officers nor the electors themselves are supposed to know for whom the votes are given until the result is declared, it seems not unreasonable to consider the votes for ineligible candidates to be thrown away in all cases and the opposing candidate elected, where the electors know, or must be presumed to know, the disabilities, and in all cases where there is no such actual or presumed knowledge, to hold the whole proceeding merely void.

The following communication from the Secretary of the Republican State Committee of Louisiana, a copy of which, names and figures being changed, was sent to every Supervisor of Registration in the State, will give some idea of the way in which the Republicans proposed to carry Louisiana. It is a lovely document and will repay perusal:

NEW ORLEANS, September 28, 1876.—*To the Supervisor of Registration, Parish of Assumption, La.*—DEAR SIR: It is well known to this committee, that from examination of the census of 1875, the Republican vote in your parish is 2,200 and the Republican majority is 900. You are expected to register and vote the full strength of the Republican party in your parish. Your recognition by the next State administration will depend upon your doing your full duty in the premises, and you will not be held to have done your full duty unless the Republican registration in your parish reaches 2,200 and the Republican vote is at least 2,100. All local candidates and committees are directed to aid you to the utmost in obtaining this result, and every facility is and will be afforded you, and you must obtain the results called for herein without fail. Once obtained your recognition will be ample and generous. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. M. A. JEWITT, Secretary.

The Clinton *Republican*, seems to be a trifle disgusted with the result of the election, to judge by the following little extract from its columns:

Yesterday morning broke bright and clear upon a nation of freemen; to-day we are in the deepest valley of humiliation. Refusing to listen to the notes of warning, sounded far and near, the people (in a blind phrenzy) have seen fit to defeat our candidates, and we are compelled to say that the United States must suffer the shame of having as their President and Vice President Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas . . Hendricks. While we confess that we are more than surprised at this result, we have the satisfaction of knowing that many more were likewise astonished. And in our journey to that land of sackcloth and ashes, yclept Salt River, we shall have the companionship of many good and honorable men.

If we felt that way we would move into some other better governed land where corruption is not esteemed objectionable and thieves are not molested. Go, brother Kinsloe.

What does this mean? The following order has been issued at Hollidaysburg, which to say the least is mysterious. There is no riot or insurrection in Blair county. The *Patriot* learns that steps are being taken to call out the militia of the Commonwealth. Can it be that this is done to intimidate the people and aid in inaugurating Hayes as President?

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH REGIMENT, NATIONAL GUARD OF PENNA., HOLLIDAYSBURG, Nov. 14, 1876.—*Special Order No 9.* I. Company commanders will *at once* place their respective commands in such condition that they will be ready to march at short notice should orders be received to that effect.

II. Company drill will be held *at least* three evenings each week until further notice.

III. Commands not already supplied with cartridges will send in their requisitions immediately. By order of James F. Milliken, colonel commanding Fifth Regiment.

C. S. Marks, Lieut. and Adj't.

THE FEEBLEST YET.

The unhappy predicament of Mr. Sollace, the ineligible elector of Vermont, has spurred the Republicans of the Nutmeg State into a weak spasm of energy, and they have produced the silliest and weakest of all their wretched quibbles. They object to Governor Ingersoll as a Democratic Elector of that State because some ten or twelve years ago he was an United States Commissioner and they have never heard of his resignation! If there has been during or since the campaign anything more utterly feeble than this—we haven't heard of it.

We give in this number of the COLUMBIAN the official vote of Pennsylvania, by counties, for President, in 1876, and also the figures showing the vote of the State, in 1875, for Governor. The Republican majority this year is 17,944, of which 14,950 came from Philadelphia. Outside of Philadelphia and Allegheny county, which gave 9,481 Republican majority, the State is Democratic by 6,487 majority.

WILLS.

Judge Paxson, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in a recent decision made use of the following language:

"The growing disposition of courts and juries to set aside last wills and testaments, and to substitute in lieu thereof their own notions as to what a testator should do with his property, is not to be encouraged. No right of the citizens is more valued than the power to dispose of his property by will. No right is more solemnly assured to him by the law. Nor does it depend in any sense upon the judicious exercise of it. It rarely happens that a man bequeathes his estate to the entire satisfaction of either his family or friends. * * The law wisely secures equality of distribution where a man dies intestate. But the very object of a will is to produce inequality and to provide for the wants of a testator's family; to protect those who are helpless; to reward those who have been affectionate, and to punish those who have been disobedient. It is doubtless true that narrow prejudices sometimes interfere with the wisdom of suc' arrangements. This is due to the imperfections of human nature. It must be remembered that in this country a man's prejudices are a part of his liberty. * * Where a man has sufficient memory and understanding to make a will, and such instrument is not the result of undue influence, but is the uncontrolled act of his own mind, it is not to be set aside in Pennsylvania without sufficient evidence, nor upon any sentimental notions of equality.

An attempt was made a few days since to steal the remains of President Lincoln from the cemetery vault at Springfield, Ills. The scoundrels pried off the lid of the sarcophagus with a chisel or axe, and the lid of the cedar case, in which the leaden casket containing the bones lay, was forced off and placed upright against the wall. The casket itself had been pulled out about a foot from the body of the sarcophagus. The plot was suspected and detectives watched the vault and would have captured the robbers, but for the accidental discharge of a detective's pistol which alarmed them and they escaped in the darkness.

The only plausible motive to be attributed to these despoilers of the grave is that they hoped to be rewarded for the restoration of the remains, as it is evident that they intended to cut open the leaden casket and gather up the bones and dust of the martyred President and carry them away.

Two men have been arrested for the crime, in Chicago. Their names are Terrence Mullen and Jack Hughes. If convicted their punishment should be so severe as to prevent future crimes of the kind.

It is a notable fact that the twenty-two northern states give Hayes over 200,000 majority, and if the Southern States had not been terrorized they also would have given him a good round majority. The loyal North gives Hayes 166 electoral votes against 65 for Tilden. The rebellious South 19 to Hayes and 119 to Tilden.—*Gazette and Bulletin.*

The above is a fair specimen of the intolerable stuff printed by such sheets as the *Gazette*, whose columns are filled day after day with the lying dispatches manufactured in Zach Chandler's office in Washington, and sent abroad to deceive the people. If the *Gazette* means that the South is "rebellious" at the efforts now being made by such scoundrels as Kellogg and Stearns to count out the elected President, probably it is correct, but there is no necessity for confining such "rebellious" feeling to the South. There is plenty of it north of Mason and Dixon's line, and the lies of the *Gazette* and its kind will not be likely to diminish it.

Closing the Books.

The department of admissions of the Centennial exhibition has just finished the count of the visitors to the grounds, and thus completes the official record of admissions during the six months extending from May 10th to November 10th. The daily admissions were as follows:

Month.	Day.	Paid.	Total.	Receipts.
May	19	378,980	613,495	$189,490 35
June	26	695,666	952,177	347,833 40
July	26	636,518	906,447	318,199 25
August	27	808,864	1,175,344	415,659 25
September	26	2,130,991	2,439,689	928,056 00
October	26	2,334,780	2,663,879	1,160,811 50
November	9	918,956	1,038,391	455,760 00
Total	159	8,094,325	9,789,392	$3,815,749 75

A recapitulation of the above shows the following:

Number of days open	159
Paid admissions	8,094,325
Free admissions	1,785,067
Total admissions	9,789,392
Grand total of receipts	$3,815,749 75
Average daily cash admissions	50,941
Average daily total admissions	61,586
Average daily receipts	$23,988 85

POLICEMEN TAKE NOTICE.—It has been decided in a Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia when a citizen may legally knock down a policeman. One John Shaet was charged with assaulting an officer who had arrested him for not paying five cents to a colored woman, the price of a bowl of pepper pot.

Judge Briggs in charging the jury said:

"This arrest was clearly illegal. The colored woman has her only redress in a civil court, just as in the case of any unpaid bill. The arrest being therefore illegal, the prisoner was justified in using all force necessary to release himself and if the officer followed up his attempt to arrest, the prisoner would be justified in using violence, even to the extent of knocking him down. The officer himself was guilty of an assault if he intended to take the prisoner by force."

The New York *Evening Post*, a strongly Republican paper, contains the following earnest and manly words concerning the counting of the votes in the Southern States. Under the head of "The Real Sentiment of the Nation," the editor says: "If Mr. Tilden has a majority of the electoral votes, as it was reported he had the day after the election, the whole nation will acquiesce in his success But if, having really such a majority, the attempt is made to count him out, the nation will not acquiesce. The better class of the Republicans themselves will be among the first to protest against the wrong. We say this because we desire to impress it upon the counting boards in the several disputed States that their action must be open, honest and above suspicion."

PREVIOUS CLOSE COUNTS.—The electoral vote for President will be closer this year than it has been for many years. In 1767 John Adams received 71 votes in the electoral college and Thomas Jefferson 68. In 1801 Jefferson received 73 and Burr 73, and the election was decided by the house. Since then there has been no close count in the electoral college, though there have been several occasions when, there being more than two candidates, no one had a clear majority of the electoral vote; and the election was completed by the house of representatives, as the constitution in such cases provides.

We call the attention of our readers to the article on the election of President, written by Hon. Charles R. Buckalew, and trust that its length will not prevent its being read. It is a thoughtful and able argument in favor of proportional representation, and merits more than a passing notice.

The following is the political complexion of the next Legislature:

	Senate.	*House.*	*Total.*
Republicans	31	120	151
Democrats	19	81	100
Majority	12	39	51

OFFICIAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

COUNTIES	*Governor*, 1875		*President*, 1876	
	Pershing, D.	Hartranft, R.	Tilden, D.	Hayes, R.
Adams	3009	2477	3439	2921
Allegheny	13246	18707	19248	28729
Armstrong	3121	3605	3821	4613
Beaver	2702	3086	2959	3982
Bedford	3099	2906	3532	3210
Berks	13433	6864	15612	8019
Blair	3166	3711	3983	4752
Bedford	4265	6526	4989	8008
Bucks	7009	6713	8023	7722
Butler	3801	3796	4830	5643
Cambria	3399	2325	4257	2989
Cameron	476	552	543	572
Carbon	2728	2347	3106	2758
Centre	3504	2997	4065	3266
Chester	5005	7015	6421	9715
Clarion	3221	2196	4167	3060
Clearfield	3273	1819	4220	2318
Clinton	2598	1771	2974	1899
Columbia	3757	1643	4394	2069
Crawford	5526	6146	6537	7345
Cumberland	4303	3603	5042	4151
Dauphin	4704	6574	5474	7493
Delaware	2079	4075	3290	5484
Elk	1055	503	1330	534
Erie	4744	6699	6179	8724
Fayette	4299	3472	5594	4379
Forest	319	376	385	464
Franklin	3954	4074	4620	4897
Fulton	981	684	1190	821
Greene	2699	1517	3719	1956
Huntingdon	2605	2546	2982	3493
Indiana	1793	3640	2248	4034
Jefferson	2248	1923	2459	2350
Juniata	1771	1198	2013	1550
Lancaster	7581	12725	9638	17425
Lawrence	1427	2335	1764	3429
Lebanon	2698	3889	3628	4552
Lehigh	6758	4630	7757	5586
Luzerne	11135	9899	18396	14919
Lycoming	4641	3488	5423	4110
M'Kean	976	940	1329	1427
Mercer	4267	4911	4587	5508
Mifflin	1583	1446	1892	1716
Monroe	2333	662	3289	775
Montgomery	8339	8334	9651	9325
Montour	1332	1002	1728	1136
Northampton	7248	4364	9271	5511
Northumberl'd	4567	3691	5064	4268
Perry	2448	2429	2789	2684
Philadelphia	47980	65262	62138	77088
Pike	1056	434	1387	443
Potter	1019	1223	1280	1621
Schuylkill	9037	7693	10457	8677
Snyder	1369	1701	1539	1922
Somerset	1689	2989	2336	3784
Sullivan	719	336	879	502
Susquehanna	2951	3517	3885	4823
Tioga	1909	3933	2729	5892
Union	1177	1784	1489	2154
Venango	2940	2953	3471	3840
Warren	1740	2457	2365	3151
Washington	4763	4317	5323	5866
Wayne	2135	1854	2589	2760
Westmoreland	6242	4957	7466	6217
Wyoming	1610	1365	2020	1679
York	8285	5263	10403	6827
Total	292145	304175	366294	384148

Cooper, had 7,204 votes, and Smith had 1,318 votes.

NEWS ITEMS.

Four inches of snow fell in Windham county, Vt on Sunday night.

The floor of a theatre in Sacramento, Cal., fell on Saturday night last, during the performance and seven persons were killed and one hundred wounded.

It was seventy-six years ago last Friday that the Capitol of these United States was removed from Philadelphia and Washington made the seat of the national government

The Governor has issued a warrant for the execution, on January 13th, 1877, of Allen C. Laros, convicted of the murder of his father by poisoning.

It is stated that 215,000 persons perished in the recent cyclone which swept over Eastern Bengal, India. The distress and destitution is terrible.

Cooper received 13 votes in 119 districts of Brooklyn and 252 in New York city. His prophetic soul early discerned that he was beaten and he wasn't fool enough to sit up all night to receive the returns.

The particulars of the recent hurricane in the West Indies show the storm to have been of unprecedented violence. The destruction of property on land and sea was very great. No less than forty-five vessels were wholly or partially wrecked.

Another political race riot in South Carolina. Two white constables of Beaufort county, in attempting to arrest five negroes on Thursday, were attacked by an armed body of colored men and killed. There is great excitement in the vicinity and more trouble is feared.

A Western paper has made an estimate that at least 5,000 girls in that region of Uncle Sam's dominions have taken husbands this year for the only earthly reason that they were thereby enabled to visit the Centennial at somebody else's expense.

William McKee, one of the convicted whisky ring, has been pardoned by the President and his fine of $10,000 remitted. McKee is the proprietor of the St. Louis *Globe Democrat*. It is a waste of time and money to convict thieves now-a-days.

J. M. Smith is Governor of Georgia; he is also a representative elect from Oglethorpe county, a recent candidate for ordinary in another, a candidate for tax collector in another, a justice of the peace in another and a chicken thief in Savannah. And about the last person the question comes, from the Boston *Advertiser*: Why don't he acquit himself?

The Grangers' Hotel at Elmwood Station, about three miles from the Centennial grounds, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday last, with all its contents. The building was 500 feet long and 450 feet deep, besides the dining room which was 80 feet wide and 300 feet long, and cost with the furniture $80,000. Insured for $45,000. The fire is thought to have been the work of an incendiary.

The convention of Western Governors, assembled to take measures for the extermination of the grasshoppers, adopted resolutions calling on Legislatures of the States and Territories interested to enact a law offering bounties for the destruction of eggs and unfledged insects, and also suggest the repeal of the Game laws, so as to prevent the destruction of birds which feed on the insects. They also recommend Congressional action.

A highwayman was shot by one of Wells, Fargo & Co's express messengers, near Shasta, California, a few days ago. The fellow had stopped a stage, covered the messenger with his rifle, and demanded the treasure box which was given up. After the stage got out of sight of the robber the messenger jumped off, ran back to the spot, and surprising the robber while engaged in taking the money from the box, shot him dead and recovered the treasure. The messenger's name was McNemer.

The Louisville *Courier Journal* says that there is but one carpet-bagger left in the Senate of North Carolina; one solitary buzzard left on the roost.

Medical men who have witnessed the healing and purifying action of Glenn's Sulpher Soap upon the Skin, pronounce it an excellent specific for scorbutic eruptions, and one of the most efficacious deodorizers and disinfectants in use. Crittenton's, 7, 6th Ave., N. Y. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cents. Nov.

For Severe Coughs and Lung Complaints.

Canton, Bradford Co. Pa., Nov. 29, '73.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston.—Gentlemen: About ten years ago, after having had a severe attack of the measles, I was troubled with a severe cough and was threatened with consumption. My father having died at the age of thirty one with consumption of the lungs, and my aunt having been carried off with the same complaint, it seems to be hereditary in our family. At the time alluded to, I was induced to buy a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and can say conscientiously, I believe it saved my life. I was blacksmithing at the time, and often felt pains in my chest and lungs, which the Balsam relieved. I cheerfully give this statement, and hope you may have success with so beneficial a preparation.

Yours truly,

A. J. MERRITT.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT.

That the voters of the several States might properly be allowed in form as well as in fact to vote for candidates for President and Vice President, and Electoral Colleges be dispensed with, is an opinion now pretty generally entertained; but there has been no common or general agreement upon an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States by which this object shall be accomplished.

The proposition that there shall be a direct vote by the people throughout the country for candidates, a consolidation of the votes cast into one general return, and a majority or plurality rule applied to such return to determine the result, is quite out of question. In addition to the strong objections which lie against it when presented upon its merits, we have to consider how impossible its adoption is in view of the strong interests opposed and which will remain opposed to it. Fully two-thirds of the States would lose a portion of the power which they now possess in Presidential elections by accepting it, inasmuch as it furnishes no substitute for the representation of States as States in the Electoral Colleges. Representation by Senatorial Electors constitutes at present from one-fourth to two-thirds of the voting power of each of no less than 21 states in the Presidential elections, and it is idle to suppose that they will surrender it without an equivalent. It follows that Congress will not pass by a two-thirds vote in each House, nor three-fourths of the States adopt, this particular popular-vote plan for Presidential elections.

The plan of single Electoral Districts, either for the choice of Electors or to cast electoral votes, has the sanction of some distinguished names—Hamilton and Benton among them. But a plan which was plausible in 1804, or in 1830, may appear intolerable in 1876, and invite instant rejection. And such is this plan. For we can see at a glance that it would introduce most shameful gerrymandering into every State of the Union; would whenever districts were made inflame the greed of one party and the disgust of another, and would often work flagrant injustice in our future elections. We know much more about the iniquity and evil of gerrymandering than was known a generation or two ago, and in making Constitutional changes we must seek rather to extirpate than to increase them. There are other objections to this plan of Electoral Districts, but the one mentioned should suffice.

But few words need be expended upon a third possible popular-vote plan for Presidential elections, to wit: That the voters in each State shall vote directly for President and Vice President and that candidates having a plurality of votes upon the returns shall have assigned to them the whole electoral vote of the State without the intervention of an Electoral College. But such a change, if the details of it were worked out and arranged, would be mostly a change of form and not of substance, and would not reach any mischief or evil of the existing plan of election. All the serious defects and dangers of that plan would remain untouched. To reach them we require a change much more thorough and effectual.

And here we reach what we suppose to be firm ground. So far the discourse has been objective and introductory. We may now advance to the proposition had in view from the outset, and will be prepared to comprehend and to judge it. It is this: *That in each State candidates for the Presidential and Vice Presidential offices shall be voted for directly by the people and shall receive electoral votes of the State in proportion to their popular vote therein.* In other words, retaining electoral votes to each State as now allowed by the Constitution, but dispensing with Electoral Colleges, the people shall themselves bestow the electoral votes of the State in just proportion upon the candidates of their choice, in the very act of polling their own votes, and all that will remain to be done will be the execution of their will by means of proper returns and a legal announcement of the result. The proposition may be expressed in the following, or in some similar form:

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Article II, § 1, paragraph 2, to be made to read as follows:—"Each State shall be entitled to a number of Electoral Votes equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State shall be entitled in Congress."

The first division of the twelfth Amendment to the Constitution, ending with the words "directed to the President of the Senate," to be struck out, and the following substituted:

"The citizens of each State who shall be qualified to vote for Representatives in Congress, shall cast their votes for candidates for the Presidential office by ballot, and proper returns of the votes so cast shall be made, under seal, within ten days, to the Secretary of State or other officer lawfully performing the duties of such Secretary in the government of the State, by whom the said returns shall be publicly opened in the presence of the Chief Executive Magistrate of the State, and of the Chief Justice or Judge of the highest Court thereof, and the said Secretary, Chief Magistrate and Judge shall assign to each candidate voted for by a sufficient number of citizens, a proportionate part of the electoral votes to which the State shall be entitled, in manner following, that is to say: They shall divide the whole number of votes returned by the whole number of the State's electoral vote and the resulting quotient shall be the electoral ratio for the State, and shall assign to candidates voted for one electoral vote for each ratio of popular votes received by them respectively, and, if necessary, additional electoral votes for successive largest fractions of a ratio shall be assigned to candidates voted for, until the whole number of the electoral votes of the State shall be distributed; and the said officers shall thereupon make up and certify at least three general returns, comprising the popular vote by counties, parishes, or other principal divisions of the State, and their apportionment of electoral votes as aforesaid, and shall transmit two thereof, under seal, to the seat of government of the United States, one directed to the President of the Senate and one to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and a third unsealed return shall be forthwith filed by the said Secretary in his office, be recorded therein, and be at all times open to inspection."

These provisions, with a few slight changes of phraseology in the remaining text of the Constitution rendered necessary by them, will constitute a complete, workable Amendment, by which several objects of high importance will be secured.

1. It will render almost impossible the election of a minority man in a contest between two candidates—a peril very nearly if not actually incurred in the recent election.

2. It will enormously reduce if not extinguish the chances of a disputed election—so dangerous to the peace of the country and to republican institutions.

3. It will give a just allotment of electoral votes to candidates—exactly proportioned to popular support of each—and not greatly too many or too few as under the old plan.

4. It will give almost complete expression to the popular will, for each electoral vote will represent an actual body of voters—a fair ratio of voters or nearly one—who have ordered it given as their own rightful and equal voice in the election.

5. It will very greatly discourage and prevent unfairness and fraud in elections, by excluding the motives which produce them. In this respect, its superiority to other plans of amendment is conspicuous and unquestionable. Assuming a ratio of 30,000 for an electoral vote, a fraudulent vote of 10,000 would mean *one-third of one electoral vote* instead of meaning, as now, the balance of power in a State and control of its *whole* electoral vote! Speaking within bounds, the effect of any common fraud in a Presidential election would become insignificant, and the motive for committing it would be wholly removed.

6. That the plan dispenses with Electors and Electoral Colleges—sweeps away Returning Boards organized for controlling instead of serving the people—places returns in responsible, safe hands, under a rule of uniform application—avoids a fruitless assault upon the equal voting power of the States as to two electoral votes each—and avoids the capital evil of gerrymandering in all its possible forms, are subordinate advantages not to be overlooked but possibly obtainable by other means. The plan indeed fully secures them, but its special merits are those before mentioned. In fact, in discouraging election frauds and in creating a correspondence between popular and electoral votes so that the latter shall truly represent the former, the plan is unique, and therein its chief merit consists.

C. R. BUCKALEW.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 22, 1876.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

The great remedy for Consumption. This well known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years; and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest or Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaint, etc. Beware of Counterfeits! Remember that the genuine Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has on the outside wrapper the signature of "I Butts," and the printed name of the proprietor "Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston." All others are base imitations. Examine the wrapper carefully before purchasing.

Boss Shepherd is in trouble and has called a meeting of his creditors and explained that he was pecuniarily embarrassed. A committee was appointed to examine the details of a statement submitted by him showing that his assets exceeded his liabilities by $600,000. Well, well, who would have thought it. Zack Chandler must have drawn heavily on the Boss for campaign funds, to have caused such a smash. His creditors have granted an extension of five years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The term of assessors elected February 1876, began immediately after the General Election in November last, and continues until April 1, 1878 by an Act of March 10 1875.

Attest WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.
Commissioners' office Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov 24 1876. 2t.

LOUIS BERNHARD,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Dealer in
ELGIN & OTHER WATCHES,
Silver and Plated Ware,
FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS, &C.,
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING
Promptly Executed.
Oct.5,'75-1y

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

Will be sold by Public Sale on
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1876,
on the premises, the real estate of Samuel Mears, late of Locust township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, the farm now occupied by the widow, lying and being in the town of Numidia, and adjoining lands of the late Reuben Fahringer, Esq., Harmon Fahringer, Jonas Fetterman and others, containing about

EIGHTY ACRES OF LAND,

on which are erected a
LARGE DWELLING HOUSE,
partly brick and the balance frame, a Bank Barn and other out-buildings. The land is all cleared and in good state of cultivation. The State road leading from Catawissa to Ashland passes through it, where a great part could be sold for town lots. There is also a Large Apple Orchard and a variety of other fruit trees upon the premises; and also another

LOT OF TIMBER LAND,

below the foot of the Little Mountain, adjoining lands of George Getty, Andrew Hildreth, Wright Hughes and others, containing THIRTEEN ACRES and some perches of land, all of which is well timbered with chestnut and other timber, which will be sold separately at the same time and place.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, when conditions (which will be easy) will be made known by

SARAH MEARS, } Ex'rs.
C. P. MEARS, }

Numidia, Nov. 24th, 1876-3w*.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned Administrator, de bonis non cum testamento annexo of the estate of Vincent Richard, deceased, will offer for sale upon the premises, in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., on
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1876,
at 11 o'clock a. m. the following described
TRACT OF LAND
bounded on the north by P. M. Peiler, east by John Wenner and others, south by John Creveling, west by John Reichline, containing
ONE HUNDRED ACRES
more or less; greater part of it being in a state of cultivation. There is on the premises A GOOD FRAME HOUSE and BARN and other out-buildings. There is a never-failing spring of water near the house and a well at the house. There is A LARGE APPLE ORCHARD and other fruit on the place.

The property is situated in the midst of one of the best agricultural sections in the county. Location desirable.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-third of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-third less the ten per cent. on the first day of April, 1877, when possession will be given, and the balance to be paid in two equal annual payments; the whole to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage.

GEO. M. HOWELL,
Van Camp, Nov. 24, 1876. Administrator.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 4th day of Dec. 1876, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of Charles Fetterman, late of Locust township, deceased.
2. Widow of Oliver Phillips, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
3. Widow of Thomas Gibbons, late of Benton township, deceased.
4. Widow of Ephraim McHenry, late of Jackson township, deceased.
5. Widow of Ludwig Thiele, late of Locust township, deceased.
6. Widow of Joseph Cole, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.
7. Widow of Reuben Fahringer, late of Locust township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Nov. 16, 1876. } W. H. JACOBY, Register.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT DECEMBER TERM, 1876.

FIRST WEEK.

Robt. Gorrell & Co. vs. Joseph M. Freck.
Geo. R. Tryon et al vs. Jacob Brown et al.
D. S. Morgan & Co. vs. Samuel Johnson.
Robert Taylor et al. vs. Robert Gorrell.
Jeremiah Taylor et al. vs. Robert Gorrell.
Robert Taylor et al. vs. Robert Gorrell.
People's Fire Ins. Co. of Pa. vs. J. J. McHenry et al.
" " " " " " vs. Bloomsburg Lumber Company.
Fellows & Baker vs. John A. Jackson et al.
Simon & Geo. Raub vs. Samuel Heffner.
George Swetgard vs. Jesse D. Ikes.
Ikes & Hagenbuch vs. Wm Carson.
Aaron Johnson vs. Thos. Shuman.
E. W. Rutter vs. W. P. Jones.
Albert Winton vs. Jonas Doty et

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, NOV. 24, 1876

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.45 A. M.	7.58 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.58 P. M
Express Train	1.48 P. M.	11.53 A. M
" "	8.34 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.39 A. M.	7.37 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

NOTICE TO POSTMASTERS.—Those postmasters who hereafter return subscribers' papers to this office simply marked "refused," and unaccompanied by a letter, as required by law, will be charged with the papers from the date of such illegal notification until notice is given in a proper way. We have reached the conclusion that our time is about as valuable as that of postmasters generally, and we do not propose after this to spend half a morning hunting up a name because a postmaster is too lazy to fill out a blank.

Six bears were lately killed in one day near English Centre, Lycoming county.

The weather prophet is abroad and says we are to have thirty six snows this winter.

Don't fail to attend the CALLIEPIAN entertainment at the Opera House on Thanksgiving night.

We call attention to the sale of real estate of Samuel Mears, to be found in another column.

Rev. J. S. McMurray will preach the thanksgiving sermon at the Lutheran Church in this town, on Thanksgiving Day.

The Indiana Supreme Court decides if a promise of marriage is by its terms not to be performed within a year, it is void unless in writing and signed by the parties.

Our friends, Brockway & Elwell, of the COLUMBIAN, at Bloomsburg, are making that paper even better than it has been in the past.—*Clinton Republican.*

Oh, thanks.

Betting ran very high throughout the country on the result of the election, but up to this time the stakeholders are the only ones who have any money to show for it.

The audit in the estate of Charles Dyer has been postponed until November 25th, at ten o'clock a. m., at the office of W. L. Eyerly, Catawissa.

JOHN M. CLARK.

We have received a communication from Roaring Creek, but as it relates only to the conduct of an individual during the campaign, and is purely political, we have thought it best not to publish it.

By an error in reading the returns from Fishingcreek township E. J. McHenry was credited with 224 votes; he should have been credited with 324—just 100 more. Mr. McHenry ran ahead of his ticket in the township.

Some of our exchanges are wasting their space in giving good advice to girls concerning their apparel, now that the winter is upon us. The girls may thank you, which we doubt, but they won't take your advice. The fashions settle that.

The Montour *American* says: "New York pays to its Governor an annual salary of $10,000, which is the highest paid in the Union." Think again, Doctor. A Republican Legislature several years ago raised Hartranft's salary to that figure, instead of $5,000, as you give it.

Some of the Luzerne Districts look as if they were made rather for the convenience of candidates than the necessities of voters. For instance, we see that the "hefty" township of Bear Creek gave Collins two votes, and Walker two votes! *Let us have Reform.*

We regret to announce the death of the young daughter of Dr. H. W. McReynolds, which sad event took place on Tuesday last. The cause of her death was diptheria. The young girl was about twelve years of age and was a bright and lovable child.

We see it announced that Hon. Peter Ent of Columbia county, died at his residence in that county. A good man has gone to rest. He served several terms in the Legislature and always with honor to himself and credit to his constituents. He was as honest as day-light, a true friend and most upright citizen.—*Ziegler's Herald.*

The recent storm has been very severe in the anthracite coal field region and numerous lives have been lost by the sudden rising of the streams. At Wilkes-Barre much damage was done but no lives were lost. The road between Kingston and Wilkes Barre was flooded as usual and the river rose rapidly.

Ed. J. J. Harvey, of Lewisburg Pa., will preach for the Christian Church of Bloomsburg, at the Brick Chapel on Rock Street, east of Iron, as follows: On Saturday evening next, Nov. 25 at 7½ o'clock, and on Sunday morning, Nov. 26 at 10½ o'clock, and again in the evening of the same day, at 7½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to attend.

A number of our exchanges state that papers with "patent outsides" have been declared by the courts of this state, not to be proper mediums for the publication of legal advertisements, because they are not printed "in the county" in which the interest affected by such advertising exists. Will not some one of these exchanges cite a case or so in point. We have no remembrance of any such decisions, but they are of importance, if they have been made.

Henry Rhodes, one of the four young men imprisoned for the robbery of the house of Daniel Fry in Montour township, made his escape from jail last Wednesday night, by means of a rope which had been thrown over the wall by some accomplices outside. Charles Groves, another of the four, was detected whilst in the act of escaping in the same manner, and securely locked up. They got out of the cell by removing a stone and sliding the bolt back with their fingers! Fry made his escape some time since by means of a false key and is still at large. Nice jail.

Beckley thinks that the great Democratic gain in Beaver township is accounted for by the fact that no ballots were numbered there. This simply means that the election officers of that township stuffed the ballot boxes with Democratic votes. What think you of that gentlemen of Beaver? A nice charge to make against reputable citizens, and one of which the decent Republicans of that township and of the county will hardly be proud. The fact of the matter is that Beckley was so badly scared at the first election news, and showed it so plainly, that he feels it incumbent upon him now to do something to show that he has recovered his courage. Who's afeared?

"A stitch in time saves nine." A bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will often save large doctor bills. Keep it handy, for it only costs 25 cents.

The latest mouse-trap thought of is an earthen wash-bowl nearly half full of water, covered over with meal and placed on the pantry shelf. A Pulaski, N. Y., woman recently caught half a dozen of the mischief makers in one night by this method.

The *Republican* waxes merry over a Democrat parade in Mifflin township. One would think to read it that Hayes was elected President, which is not the fact. The editor says, "In close elections, it isn't well to believe first reports." How about the first issue of the *Republican* after the election?

With cold weather, our lively bird friends, the English sparrows, have come again, and are busy making arrangements for winter housekeeping. Saucy little fellows are they and full of lively conversation, chirping and twittering all day on the sidewalks and streets and quarreling continuously with each other.

The Berwick *Independent* says th at a party of ladies from Bloomsburg recently paid a visit, with well filled baskets, to Rev. J. H. McGarrah. Mr. McGarrah was formerly in charge of the Methodist Church in this town, and was very popular, so this action on the part of the ladies above mentioned amply proves.

The Schuylkill county Court has made an order for the transfer of Pat. Hester, Graham and McHugh, the alleged murderers of Alexander W. Rea, to this county for trial, but they will be kept for the present in the Pottsville jail, as our jail is not deemed secure. We cannot state definitely whether they will be tried at December court.

The CALLIEPIAN Society of the Normal School will give an entertainment at the Opera House on Thanksgiving evening, the proceeds of which will be applied to the purchase of furniture &c., for he hall. Everybody knows how enjoyable their programmes are, and can expect something good from our young friends. Turn out and give them a benefit.

The state association for the protection of game, at their late meeting in Philadelphia, recommended the alteration of the game laws so that the running of deer with dogs be prohibited; that the close of the season for rabbits be the same as for quail; that grass-plover shooting should commence July 16, quail from November 1 to January 1, and that fishing with outlines be allowed.

Dr. Haggerty, of Scranton, has been arrested and held in $2,000 bail for interfering with United States Marshals on election day. It is to be hoped the Dr. and his friends will carry the case to the highest tribunal and have it authoritatively settled as to what are the powers of Marshals. United States officers ought to have nothing whatever to do with elections. They come in conflict with state laws and do more harm than good.

Our exchanges are filled with reports of the killing of fat hogs in different localities. We would be greatly obliged if some Columbia county farmer would slaughter a pig weighing from 1500 lbs. to a ton and send us an account of it. If that were done the county could probably take her position in the front rank of hog-killers, and we should feel at rest for the season. The majority in pounds should be so great that we couldn't be "counted out."

Sunbury was much excited last week by the arrest of a man having with him a lad who was thought to be Charley Ross. Both were taken to Philadelphia but Mr. Ross failed to recognize the boy. We should rather fancy that the arrested individual might reasonably feel a trifle mad about it, especially as the boy proves to be his own son. This indiscriminate arresting of people with boys in charge may be well meant but it isn't legal.

The *Republican* has discovered something startling. The arithmetic man of that concern says that the Democratic column in the official table of votes foots up "8 too many," and further remarks that "Columbia county certainly will not submit to an attempt at fraud." There *is* a mistake in the footing of the column—but it is 8 too few. It should be 4402 instead of 4394. Try again, Daniel—and don't fret about fraud in this county.

How the year slips away! Before another issue of the COLUMBIAN Thanksgiving Day will have come and gone, and Christmas will then seem close at hand. The Centennial year has been an important one in the life of the nation, and the people will doubtless render most hearty thanks on the appointed day, for the success which has marked the progress of their country during the first hundred years of its existence.

We have alluded to the cheapness of cider in this section, but, if an exchange is to be believed, our cider crop is nothing to what it is elsewhere. The veracious paper referred to, states that farmers in its neighborhood are paying people fifty cents a barrel to drink it, and that able bodied men are making from $1 to $2 a day at the business. The first part of the statement may be all right but we don't accept as true the latter portion. No man can be able-bodied enough to swallow from two to four barrels of cider. A cow couldn't get that much inside her.

The Berwick *Independent* is independent with a vengeance. It has told more Radical lies, during the campaign, than any other Radical republican paper we know of, and last week it caps the climax by asserting that Democratic journals had given up Florida and South Carolina. The Democratic journals that made any such concession must have been very obscure. The *Independent* gets its political opinions from the Scranton *Republican*: dances when Joe pipes and draws the long bow at his bidding.—*Wyoming Democrat.*

Messrs. Rollins & Holmes have just completed a job which does them great credit. We refer to the galvanized iron cornice on the roof of A. J. Evans' new block. Mr. Evans has displayed good taste in putting on a finish that makes his building one of the finest in town, and good judgment in selecting a firm like Rollins & Holmes to do the work for him. They never fail in what they undertake, and this is only an additional testimonial of their skill and competency as mechanics. Heretofore it has been necessary to go to the cities to get such work done, but now we are supplied with workmen who can do anything in their line equal to the best.

The cold winter nights are coming when a hot oyster stew is peculiarly and particularly grateful. It is a good time therefore, to offer to housekeepers Delmonico's receipt for a royal stew: Take one quart of liquid of oysters, put the liquor (a teacupful for three) in a stew pan, and add half as much more water, salt and a good bit of pepper, a teaspoonful of rolled cracker for each. Put on the stove and let it boil; have your oysters ready in a bowl. The moment the liquor begins to boil pour in all your oysters, say ten for each person, or six will do. Now, watch carefully, and as soon as it begins to boil take out your watch, count just thirty seconds, and take your oysters from the stove. You will have your big dish ready with one and a half tablespoonful of cold milk for each person. Pour your stew on this milk and serve immediately. Never boil an oyster in milk if you wish it to be good.

A party of hunters from Lycoming and Luzerne counties, consisting of Judge Hardin, M. G. Miller, Andy Williams, M. Alburn, Eli Ager, K. Stark, George Wooden, S. Price, John Richards, W. Miller and R. B. Brockway, left their homes a few days ago for the wilds of Cameron and Elk counties, where they propose to spend a month.

The fight for Senatorial honors in the Twenty seventh district has led to some curious complications. A. H. Dill, the successful Democratic candidate, has brought suit against Charles S. Wolfe, the former Representative from Union county, for slander during the campaign, and Dr. Wagenseller, the defeated candidate for Senate, has been arrested for assault and battery. If what is reported is true Dr. Wagenseller assaulted Mr. Grimm of Snyder county because, although a Republican he chose to vote for Mr. Dill instead of the Dr. Hon. Eli Slifer has also sued Wolfe for slander. Politics run rather high for comfort in that district.

POSITIVE RESULTS. There are numerous remedies that cure sometimes and become trusted as useful, but none have ever proved so effectual—cured so many and such remarkable cases—as Dr. Ayer's medicines.

The Cherry Pectoral has restored great numbers of patients who were believed to be hopelessly affected with consumption.

Ague Cure breaks up chills and fever quickly and surely.

Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla eradicates scrofula and impurities of the blood, cleanses the system and restores it to vigorous health. By its timely use many troublesome disorders that cause a decline of health are expelled or cured.

Ayer's Pills and effects are too well known everywhere to require any commendation from us here.—*Scranton (Pa) Times.*

Nov. 1m.

The Luzerne *Union* remarks disparagingly on the recent vote in Rhode Island not to extend the right of suffrage to foreign born citizens who had fought in the Union cause and been honorably discharged, whereupon the Plymouth *Index* holds forth as follows:

In the above article the *Luzerne Union* intimates that no foreigner can become a voter in Rhode Island, while if the editor of that paper knows anything about the subject, he knows that the naturalization law is a United States law, and that any foreign born citizen, can become a voter in any state or territory by pursuing the course laid down by that law, whether it is through ignorance or pure devilishness that certain democratic papers throughout this land try to propagate wrong ideas we are unable to say.

It may be news to the *Index* but it is nevertheless a fact, that the United States have no voters. The States decide as to the qualifications of voters within their respective limits and no United States laws can reverse their decisions. For instance, in this same state of Rhode Island there is a property qualification in the laws of the state and a naturalized foreigner has no more right to vote without possessing the required amount of property, than a native born citizen. Whether this opinion of the *Index* is based on "ignorance or pure devilishness we cannot say."

ROLL OF HONOR.

THIRD STREET GRADED SCHOOL.

The following named pupils were neither tardy nor absent during the month closing Nov 21st, 1876.

Room No. 1.—Joseph Birch, Isaiah Rupert, Curtis Deily, Asher Thomas, Harry Deily, Hannah Allegar, Herbert Grotz, Laura Crater, Heister Hower, Ella Fox, Charley Keller, Lilly Hower, Sanford Peifer, Mary McKelvy, Frank Pursel, Maggie Thomas, Geo Ringler.

Room No. 2.—Bruce Birch, Sheridan Swentzell, Windrop Bryfogle, Lenora Bryfogle, Rodman Drinker, Maggie Jacoby, John Grotz, Hattie McKelvy, George Knorr, Annie Rodarmel, William Knorr, Sadie Smith, Harry Moyer, Hattie Sloan, Edward Reiswick, Martha Sterner, William Scott, Ruth Tustin, Frank Sloan, Annie Fox.

Room No. 3.—Charles Ballott, Maggie Deihl, Peter Gross, Clara Gross, Freddie Holmes, Lillie Meyers, Willie Holmes, Edith Moyer, Frank Reiswick, Lettie Moyer, Harry Sterner, Mattie Powell, George Yetter, Dora Ringler, Lizzie Brobst, Ada Ringler, Alice Brockway, Jennie Rodarmel, Maud Runyan.

Room No. 4.—Charlie Brobst, Bessie Grotz, Harry Edwards, Clara Garrison, Harry Garrison, Bessie Holmes, Alfred Grotz, Lillie Sloan, Frank Rodarmel, Cora Tittle, Ada Cox, Mary Tittle, Lizzie Gross, Ada Yetter.

I. E. Schoonover, Principal.

SEQUEL TO A MASONIC INCIDENT.

Some months ago we published an incident which befel the Rev. A. B. Shanafelt, a gentleman now deceased, but remembered by many of our citizens, while traveling in Palestine. He had letters of credit from the banking house of Jay Cook & Co., and on arriving at Beyroute presented them at a bank but was refused money because Cooke and failed. Here he was four thousand miles from home, with every cent of his money lost, an entire stranger, unable to make himself understood by language, and on the border of despair. He thought there must be some Masons in that city, and his search was rewarded by finding friends who provided for and pressed upon him all funds necessary for his future journey home. The incident has again been called up by the visit of Rev. Shanafelt's guide through Palestine, to this country. His name is Howard, from Jaffa, Syria. While visiting the Centennial, Mr. Howard went to Chester, Pa., to see Mr. Shanafelt, and was surprised and grieved to hear of the death of the latter. The name of the Brother and Knight who so spontaneously and liberally aided Brother Shanafelt is Sir Samuel W. Hallock, of Bayeut, knighted on February 6, 1864, in St. John's Commandery. And now as a finale to this wonderful story the Keystone says:

"St. John's Commandery, out of knightly regard for Sir Hallock has voted him a certificate of honorary membership, and conferred upon him a large and elegant solid gold medal—the semi-centennial medal of the commanders—in testimony of the high regard entertained by this Templar body for the truly knightly character of Sir Hallock, so so nobly evinced in his conduct toward the late Sir Shanafelt. This medal is suspended by a purple ribbon from a gold pin, so that it may be worn on the breast, and will be personally conveyed to Sir Samuel W. Hallock by Bro. Rolla Floyd, P. M., of Mother Solomon Lodge, of Lewisburg, who left Philadelphia recently for Palestine."

[Most of our readers remember Andrew Shanafelt. We copy the above from the *Mistonian*, and feel sure it will interest our readers. EDS. COLUMBIAN.]

Marriages.

COOPER—MINER.—In Bloomsburg on the 18th inst., by Rev. G. D. Gurley, Mr. George M. Cooper to Miss Clara Miner.

Deaths.

BETZ—At Rohrsburg on the 12th inst., Henry Betz aged 65 years, 3 months and 11 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.35
Rye "	.75
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats, "	.32
Flour per barrel	7.00
Cloverseed "	7.00
Flaxseed "	1.70
Butter "	.30
Eggs "	.30
Tallow "	.06
Potatoes "	.90
Dried Apples "	.06
Hams "	.16
Sides & Shoulders "	.12
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	12.00
Beeswax "	.25
Timothy Seed "	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.40 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.10 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.80 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$3 40 "
" Bituminous "	$4 00 "

Business Notices

Go to E. M. Knorr's for Gum Boots.

Marr sells Spectacles and Cases.

For a good cheap suit of Clothes go to D. Lowenberg's.

"By and by" you will want a good pair of Winter Boots or Shoes, and they can be found at McKinney's "you bet."

Mens Calf Boots for $4.50 at E. M. Knorr's.

The highest honors of the Centennial exposition, and the only ones awarded Patterns of the Fashions, was awarded to Mme. Demorest over all other competitors. Lutz & Sloan's are agents for her Patterns and also take subscriptions for the Magazine.

Ladies' Beaver Coats and Beaver Cloths, Water Proof Cloaks and Water Proof Cloths a full line of Ladies' Dress Goods, and Underwear for Ladies and Gentleman at Clark & Wolf's.

All kinds of Rubbers at E. M. Knorr's this week.

Buy your Clothing at D. Lowenberg's.

New Goods this week at Marr's.

All parties owing the subscribers are requested to pay the same to Samuel Snyder on or before December 10th, 1876, after which the unpaid accounts will be collected according to law.

Nov.10-4w MONTGOMERY & BROWN.

Men's Kip Boots at Hard Time Prices at McKinney's.

Lutz & Sloan have received their new stock of Furs at lower prices than ever.

A full line of Tobacco and Cigars, wholesale and retail, at M. M. Russel's.

Overcoats, Overcoats, Overcoats.
For Men, for Boys, for Children.
Latest styles, lowest prices at D. Lowenberg's.

Men's Gum Boots at Marr's.

M. M. Russell keeps the Magic Glycerine Soap. Something new and first class.

Fine Calf Boots at McKinney's.

Boys' Kip Boots for $2.00 at E. M. Knorr's.

A really fine Dress Shirt, try the Eclipse Shirt, a perfect fit, elegance and economy combined; can only be bought at D. Lowenberg's.

More Boots and Shoes at Marr's very cheap.

Go to E. M. Knorr's for your fall Boots and Shoes.

Children's Shoes in great variety at McKinney's.

A full line of Green and Black Teas, of all qualities and prices at Russell's.

All that know themselves in debt to Marr must come and settle soon, as business is ready pay now.

The best Boots in town at E. M. Knorr's and prices to suit the times.

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

Worthy of Remembrance.

Why will you suffer violent pain, or be made uncomfortable, distressed in mind or body, when you can be instantly relieved and quickly cured by Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters. The ordinary Porous Plaster is an article of merit, yet its action is too slow, requiring days and weeks of continuous wear to effect a cure. Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster, being a great improvement over them, relieves you instantly and cures you quicker than any known plaster, liniment or compound.

Their action is more powerful than electricity and more certain. They are purely vegetable contain no mineral or metallic poisons. Their composition and properties are founded upon true medical skill, and are in no sense a patent medicine. They are endersed by thousands of Physicians and Druggists of unimpeachable reputation, as being an article of genuine merit and worthy of public confidence. Try them and be convinced. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS, N. Y.
May 19, '76 1y.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters--Hear what the People Say!

"The best, cheapest, safest, and surest remedy offered an intelligent people." "An article of great merit which will in a short time be found in every household." "They are all that the manufacturers claim for them, whose name alone is sufficient endorsement of their genuine merits." "The best remedy known for all external difficulties or local pains and weakness." "Acts like magic, removing almost instantly the most violent pain and assuring a speedy cure." "I consider them a great and needed improvement over all other porous plasters, they give prompt relief and cure quickly; they are held in high esteem." They are now preferred over all others. They cure where other porous plasters simply relieve." When suffering try them and you will not be disappointed. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Pharmaceutical Chemists, N.Y.

Have you tried Kirby's Wild Cherry Cough Balsam? A very palatable compound for the various affections of the throat and lungs it has been used with success, in seven cases of asthma giving instant relief and in many cases effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents per bottle and positively warranted to give entire satisfaction or money refunded.

Kirby's Magic Relief for the instant cure of severe and acute pains.

Kirby's Tasteless Worm Lozenges, pleasant, safe and effectual.

Kirby's Horse and Cattle Powders are the best powders for stock, manufactured. Try them and be convinced.

Kirby's Camphor Ice for sunburns, sore lips and chapped hands.

Gill's Billious and Liver Pills are recommended by the first Physicians.

The above preparations are for sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicine.

MOYER BROTHERS,
July 21, '76.-1y Wholesale Agents.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found "are the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union." "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in The Columbia Democrat, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1836, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes weekly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from its first to its last line. It is the only recognised exponent of nearly five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisements in the COLUMBIAN tf

NOTICE.

From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set lamps at four dollars each.

The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.

Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
Oc. 15, '76-y. C. W. MILLER Sup.

++METHODS++POINTS++

METHODS OF BUSINESS++POINTS OF ADVANTAGE

++IN THE PURCHASE OF++

CLOTHING

—AT—

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL,

To which we invite the Interested Attention and Careful Scrutiny of

—THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.—

METHODS:	POINTS:
WE have but One Price for All	ONE Price means of necessity the Lowest Price
WE receive Cash Payment from All	CASH saves expense of collections and losses from bad debts
WE give a Guarantee protecting All	THE Guarantee protects the buyer who may not be a judge of goods
WE Return Money when we cannot suit All	We rely on immense sales and are satisfied with a very small percentage of profit
WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash	IT is easy to buy of us, since all are treated alike, no one getting favors that are denied to others
WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell	DICKERING and debate are done away by us, everybody gets our best without having to ask for it
WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments	OUR large experience, capital and facilities we use for the people's benefit in lowering prices
WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price	WE fill orders received by mail from all parts of the United States. Write for particulars
WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure	NOT a particle of risk run in buying of us. A child may buy as cheaply as a man
WE employ first-class workmen in every department	
WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money	

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Magnificent Line of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Underwear, all at the Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

WHOLESALE DRUG EMPORIUM.

Corner Main and Market Street

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been engaged in the

WHOLESALE DRUG

business for the past eight years would call the attention of country dealers to their large and varied stock.

They defy competition by any house in or out of the large cities.

Their stock consists of Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Where may be found a large stock of Surgical Instruments, Sponges, Chamois, Colognes, Perfumery and in fact everything kept in a well regulated retail Drug Store.

They are also Sole Manufacturers of the celebrat e

OIL OF GLADNESS.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

MOYER BROS.

May 19, 76.-tf.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO.'S

and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y., or MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio.

May 19, '76—1y.

GEORGE A. CLARK,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depositary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy MILLER BROS.'

and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio.

N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y. May 19, '76—1y.

THE GREAT DISCOVERY!

E. P. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, Indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess: Citrate of Magnesia Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

The effect is many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient salt of iron combined with valuable Nerve tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want a smelling to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This true valuable tonic has been thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1. per bottle. E. E. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Sold only in $1. bottles. All others are counterfeit, so beware of them.

Buy six bottles for $5.

Worms Removed Alive.

E. P. Kunkel's worm syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful Physician in this country for the removal of worms. He removes Tape worms with head and all complete, alive in 2 hours, and no fee until removed. Send for circular, or call on your Druggist, and get a bottle of Kunkel's worm Syrup. Price $1. It never fails. Nov.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, M.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

T. D. Kellogg's Advts.

1877---POSTAGE---$1 60.

THE NURSERY.

A Monthly Magazine for Young Readers.

Superbly Illustrated. 25 cents ten cents for a Sample Number and Premium List.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

JOHN L. SHOREY,
30 Bromfield Street, Boston.

Nov. 10, 76-4w S

GOTHIC FURNACE

For warming Dwellings, Schools and Churches. Uses Coal or Wood. Combines many improvements to Heather, Economy, Durability, Purity of Air. Great reduction in prices. Send for catalogue.

ALEX M. LESLY
296 West 23d St., N. Y.

PRINTING PRESSES from $15 to $350. SEND 10 CTS. TO W.Y. EDWARDS, 36 CHURCH ST. NEW YORK.

July 14, '76-26w

CEDAR VATS AND TANKS.—for brewers, dyers, chemists, manufacturers and private dwellings. GEO. J. BURKHART & CO., June 9-48w. Buttonwood St., below Broad.

RUBBER GOODS of every description, Belting, Packing, Hose, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, &c. H. HARD LEVICK, SON & CO. 704 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Agents National Rubber Co. June 9-48w

ZELL'S
ENCYCLOPEDIA,

NEW REVISED EDITION.—100,000 articles, 3,000 engravings, and 18 splendid maps. The BEST BOOK of universal knowledge in the language. Now in course of publication. SPECIMEN with map sent for 20 cents. AGENTS WANTED.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Phila.

Apr 28—1y.

EXCELSIOR
PRINTING INK CO.,

BEST AND CHEAPEST

PRINTING INK IN THE MARKET,

Barclay St., NEW YORK.

Aug. 11, '76.-48w k

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. March1 76-1y.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the next meeting of the Board of Pardons, at Harrisburg, Pa., for the pardon of Milton Charles, now confined in the Eastern Penitentiary for a felonious assault upon O. B. Mellick, of which he was convicted at the September Term (1876) of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia County.

MRS. MILTON CHARLES.

Nov. 17, '76-2w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SARAH RHOADS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Sarah Rhoads, late of the Twnship of Locust, county of Columbia, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said co. to Franklin Rhoads of same twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

FRANKLIN RHOADS,
Nov. 17, 1876.-6w. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF HIRAM LUNGER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Hiram Lunger, late of Sugarloaf twp., Col. Co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to Andrew J. Hess, of same twp., Columbia county, Adm'r., to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Administrator without delay.

ANDREW J. HESS,
Nov. 3.-6w. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county to distribute the fund arising from Sheriff's sale of real estate of Thomas W. Edgar, of Scott township, will meet the parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, November 24, 1876 at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
Oct27,'76-4w Auditor.

ADMINISTRASOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF REUBEN FAHRINGER, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Reuben Fahringer, late of Locust township, Columbia county, have been granted by the Register of said county to Herman Fahringer and Isaiah Hower, of Locust Twp. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

HERMON FAHRINGER,
ISAIAH HOWER,
Oct27,'76-6w Administrators.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELIZABETH LEVAN, DEC'D.

The undersigned Auditor on exceptions to the account of the Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Levan, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of C. R. & W. J. Buckalew, on Saturday, Nov. 25th, 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against the said estate, are required to present the same before the Auditor, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

LEVI R. WALLER,
Oct. 20, 1876.-4w. Auditor.

Mary E. Moss, by her next friend Zephaniah L. Kile vs William E. Moss. } In Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 144 May Term 1876. subpœna in divorce.

The alias subpœna in the above case having been returned non est inventus, you, the said William E. Moss, are requested to appear at the said Court, on the first Monday of December next, to answer the complaint therein filed.

C. W. MILLER, Attorney. CHAS. S. FORNWALD, Sheriff.
Nov. 3.-4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER ENT, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration, on the estate of Peter Ent, late of Scott twp, Columbia County, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to Oscar P. Ent, of Light Steet, Columbia Co., Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the said estate will make them known to the said administrator without delay.

OSCAR P. ENT,
Nov. 10, '76-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JESSE JOHNSON, DECEASED, LATE OF BEAVER TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Letters of Administratio on the estate of Jesse Johnson late of Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County to John A. Johnson, of Beaver township, Columbia county, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Executor without delay.

JOHN A. JOHNSON,
Nov. 10, '76-6w Administrator.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, Administrator of Oliver Phillips, late of Bloom township, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1876,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon all that certain

Piece and Parcel of Land

situate in Centerville, Columbia county, Penna., and marked and numbered as Lot No. 1, in a map of the general plan of said town of

Humorous.

All men are not homeless, but some men are home less than others.

Why is a dog's tail like the heart of a tree? Because it is the farthest from the *bark*.

"He was either fatally wounded or had the choleramorbus," was the opinion of a Red River doctor.

"Which falls most frequently from hickory-nut trees, boys or nuts?" is the question now agitating Kentuck debating societies.

An ancient horn was lately dug up near Cambridge. It is supposed to have belonged to one of the old tooters of the college.

Spriggins says he once prevented a severe case of hydrophobia by simply getting on a high fence and waiting until the dog had gone away.

The editor of a Chattanooga paper is tearing his hair, because the intelligent compositor made him announce that "Rev. W. W. Simpson would preach at $10.45."

The London *Era* has the following prize obituary: "Died, on the 29th ultimo, George Smith, father of Miss Kate Derrington, *nee* Mrs. T. Clarke."

A Georgia schoolmaster announces that he will be obliged to close his school unless the young men of the district limit their courting of his young lady pupils to three nights in the week.

The people down in Virginia City are getting so they have bull fights on Sunday, dog fights on Monday, goat fights on Tuesday, and anybody who wants can fight during the rest of the week.

Another instance of the beauty of going to law has just transpired at Perth Amboy, N. J., where it cost a man $800 to get a $49 verdict against a railroad company.

As the trial of a breach of promise suit was about to begin in San Francisco, a juror arose and asked to be excused, because he was engaged to be married, and consequently his mind was not free from bias. He was excused.

A young lady, of this city, who was inattentive at whist, has broken off her engagement with her lover, because he recommended her to "scoop her mind up in a peanut shell and fix it on the game."

RATHER TALLOWY.—An Irish baronet had so many rabbits on his property that he made candles of their fat. "And to prove the fact," "the moment a terrier dog came into the room the candles immediately began to run."

A statistician, who says he has "Studied the American people," announces that "as but an average of two gallons of whiskey are annually made for every living soul in the United States, it is a clear case that somebody has got to go without."

We don't want to say a word against eastern folks, but when a waiter at a Detroit hotel brings on a dessert of grapes for a New England traveler he feels compelled to whisper: "Don't swallow the hides."

An old woman who is crossing the street has a narrow escape from being run over by a hearse; "I am not at all superstitious," she says to her rescuer, "but it has always seemed to me that it would be unlucky to be killed by a hearse."

Much has been said of the enormous consumption of tobacco, and yet you will be surprised to find how few men use it when your supply gives out and you ask for a chew.

Appearances are deceitful. At camp-meeting it is difficult to tell from the background whether the man on the front seat is shouting glory or has just sat down on a tack.

A Californian has offered the lawyers $100,000 to procure him a divorce from his wife. He has either got dead loads of money and wants to see how fast he can use it up, or his wife wears out shoes awful fast.

A wealthy Bostonian died recently and left all his property to his wife on condition that she married again within eighteen months. A friend of his who knew of his purpose previous to his death said to him: "I should think you would dislike the idea of another man enjoying your money." "He would not be likely to enjoy it much under the circumstances," was the reply.

"I meant to have told you of that hole," said a gentleman to his friend, who, walking in his garden, stumbled into a pit of water. "No matter, said his friend, "I have found it."

Yusef izzu-d-din is the next heir to the Turkish throne. When you leave Constantinople next time you will have to have a pass for Yusef'Izzu d-din his office.

St. Louis *Republican*: A drunken California miner has kicked a can of nitro-glycerine again, and his relations would feel a great deal better if they could find something more of him than one boot-strap. It seems to be ridiculous to have a funeral over only one boot-strap.

A NEGRO VOTER AGAINST THE REPUBLICANS.—It was at the old market house yesterday morning. Uncle Cuffee Perkinson of Prince George and Cæsar Slote of Dinwiddie were discussing, between slices of a succulent watermelon, the political issue of the day. Said Uncle Cuffee, "I ain't gwine ter vote dat Radical ticket any more." "Why," said Cæsar. "Well," said the old man, "I dreampt I was in hell last night." "Did you see any Radical office holders there?" "Yes, I did," said the old fellow; "hell was full of 'em and every office holder had a nigger holdin' 'tween him and de fire." —*Petersburg Post.*

Old Deacon Sharp never told a lie, but he used to relate this: He was standing one day besides a frog pond and saw a large garter snake make an attack upon an enormous big bullfrog. The snake seized one of the frog's hind legs, and the frog, to be on a par with his snakeship, caught him by the tail, and both commenced swallowing one another, and continued this carnivorous operation until nothing was left of either of them.

A prominent citizen in a neighboring village, says the Danbury *News*, recently died. A neighbor who knew him well reported his decease at this office, and told the reporter he ought to say something handsome about him.

"Good man, was he?" suggested the reporter.

"I should say he was," was the enthusiastic reply. "For a left-handed man you'd find few better."

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup for the cure of Consumption, Coughs and Colds.

The great virtue of this medicine is that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood, and thus effects a cure.

SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, &c.

The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach creating an appetite, forming chyle, and curing the most obstinate cases of Indigestion.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT, &c.

These Pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver, without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more efficacious in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for Consumption as the Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, create a healthy bile, and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of Consumption. The Sea Weed Tonic gives tone and strength to the stomach, makes a good digestion, and enables the organs to form good blood; and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood. The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of Consumption, if taken in time, and the use of the medicines persevered in.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Nov.

PUBLIC REPORT
—OF A—
POLICEMAN.

I have not enjoyed good health for several years past, yet have not allowed it to interfere with my labor. Every one belonging to the laboring class knows the inconvenience of being obliged to labor when the body, from debility, almost refuses to perform its daily task. I never was a believer in dosing with medicines; but having heard the Vegetine spoken of so highly, was determined to try it, and shall never regret that determination. As a tonic (which every one needs at some time) it surpasses any thing I ever heard of. It invigorates the whole system; it is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood. There are many of my acquaintances who have taken it, and all unite in praise of its satisfactory effect.

Especially among the aged class of people, it imparts so much the one thing was needful in old age —nights of calm, sweet repose, thereby strengthening the mind as well as the body. One aged lady, who has been suffering through life from scrofula and has become blind from its effects, having tried many remedies with no favorable result was induced by friends to try the Vegetine. After taking a few bottles, she obtained such great relief that she expressed a wish for her sight, that she might be able to look upon the man who had sent her such a blessing Yours respectfully,

O. P. H. HODGE, Police Officer, Station 6,
BOSTON, Mass., May 9, 1871.

HEARTFELT PRAYER.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 22, 1864.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.:

Dear Sir.—I should be wanting in gratitude, if I failed to acknowledge what the Vegetine has done for me. I was attacked about eleven months since with Bronchitis, which settled into Consumption. I had night sweats and fever chills; was distressed for breath, and frequently spit blood; was all emaciated, very weak, and so low that my friends thought my case hopeless.

I was advised to make a trial of the Vegetine which, under the providence of God, has cured me That he may bless the use of your medicine to others, as he has to me, and that his divine grace may attend you, is the heartfelt prayer of your admiring, humble servant.

BENJAMIN PETTINGILL.

P. S.—Mine is but one among the many cures your medicine has effected in this place. B. P.

MAKE IT PUBLIC.

SOUTH BOSTON, Feb 9, 1871.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.

Dear Sir—I have heard from very many sources of the great success of Vegetine in cases of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Catarrh, and other diseases of kindred nature. I make no hesitation in saying that I know Vegetine to be the most reliable remedy for Catarrh and General Debility.

My wife has been troubled with Catarrh for many years, and at times very badly. She has thoroughly tried every supposed remedy that we could hear of and with all this she has for several years been gradually growing worse, and the discharge from the head was excessive and very offensive.

She was in this condition when she commenced to take Vegetine; I could see that she was improving on the second bottle. She continued taking the Vegetine until she had used from twelve to fifteen bottles. I am now happy in informing you and the public (if you choose to make it public) that she is entirely cured, and Vegetine accomplished the cure after nothing else would. Hence I feel justified in saying that Vegetine is the most reliable remedy, and would advise all suffering humanity to try it, for I believe it to be a good, honest, vegetable medicine, and I shall not hesitate to recommend it. I am, &c., respectfully,

L. C. CARDELL,
Store 481 Broadway.

Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cleanses and cures ulceration, cures constipation, and regulates the bowels.

Has Entirely Cured Me.

BOSTON, October, 1870.

Mr. Stevens:

Dear Sir—My daughter, after having a severe attack of whooping cough, was left in a feeble state of health. Being advised by a friend she tried the Vegetine, and after using a few bottles was fully restored to health.

I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism. I have taken several bottles of the Vegetine for this complaint, and am happy to say it has entirely cured me. I have recommended the Vegetine to others, with the same good results. It is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood; it is pleasant to take; and I can cheerfully recommend it.

JAMES MORSE, 564 Athens Street.

Nov. 17.-1m

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined, that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Oct. 13, 1876-1y

J. B. KNITTLE. W. H. ABBOTT

Important to Farmers.

and everybody in want of

LIME, LUMBER, AND COAL.

We have erected kilns at or near the Paper Mill, on the D. H. & W. R. R. and are now prepared to sell lime at very reasonable prices and of good quality. Orders by the car promptly filled and shipped to any station on the above road.

A full line of LUMBER, of all kinds, dressed or in the rough, Shingles, Lath and Tile Timber to which we invite the attention of customers.

Orders received and filled for all kinds of FAMILY Coal.

By strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

KNITTLE & ABBOTT,
21, 1876.- Catawissa, Pa.

PAINTING, GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER HANGING

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited

March6'74 WM. F. BODINE.

CALIFORNIA

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, NORTHERN MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, IOWA, NEBRASKA, California and the Western Territories. Its

Omaha and California Line

Is the shortest and best route for all points in northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, Utah, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

Chicago, Madison & St. Paul Line

Is the short line for Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the great North-west. Its

Winona and St. Peter Line

Is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in southern and central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette Line

Is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior country. Its

Freeport and Dubuque Line

Is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport. Its

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha to Milwaukee.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

At Omaha our sleepers connect with the overland sleepers on the Union Pacific Railroad for all points west of the Missouri River.

On the arrival of the trains from the east or south, the trains of the Chicago & North-Western Railway leave Chicago as follows:

FOR COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA AND CALIFORNIA, Two through trains daily, with Pullman palace drawing room and sleeping cars through to Council Bluffs.

FOR ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS, two through trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached to both trains.

FOR GREEN BAY AND LAKE SUPERIOR, two trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached, and running through to Marquette.

FOR MILWAUKEE, four through trains daily, Pullman cars on night trains, parlor chair cars on day trains.

FOR SPARTA AND WINONA and points in Minnesota, one through train daily, with Pullman sleepers to Winona.

FOR DUBUQUE, via Freeport, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night trains.

FOR DUBUQUE AND LA CROSSE, via Clinton, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night train to McGregor, Iowa.

FOR SIOUX CITY AND YANKTON, two trains daily, Pullman cars to Missouri Valley Junction.

FOR LAKE GENEVA, four trains daily.

FOR ROCKFORD, STERLING, KENOSHA, JANESVILLE, and other points, you can have from two to ten trains daily.

New York office, No 415 Broadway; Boston office, 5 State Street; Omaha office, 253 Farnham Street; San Francisco office, 121 Montgomery Street; Chicago ticket offices: 62 Clark Street, under Sherman House; corner Canal and Madison Streets; Kinzie street depot, corner W. Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street depot, corner Wells and W. Kinzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago.
MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen. Sup't, Chicago
Feb. 4, 76-1y

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF,
N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,
733 SANSOM ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Who are our authorized agents, and will receive Advertisements at our LOWEST CASH RATES.

ALBRECHT & CO.

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS.

The ALBRECHT & Co. PIANOS are first-class in every respect, being considered the leading Philadelphia make by musicians and competent judges. Through their extensive facilities, MESSRS. ALBRECHT & Co. are enabled to turn out instruments that are not surpassed anywhere, and still sell them at prices within the reach of all. No Piano is permitted to leave their factory unless satisfactory to the most minute particular, hence their guarantee of five years is a thing of value. All late improvements of importance are found in these instruments.

MESSRS. ALBRECHT & Co. have received the most flattering Testimonials from L. M. GOTTSCHALK, FRANZ ABT, GUSTAVE SATTER, J. F. HIMMELSBACH, WILLIAM WOLSIEFFER and many other eminent artists, besides being able to refer to thousands of private purchasers, schools, seminaries, societies and teachers.

Pianos conscientiously selected per orders by mail, carefully packed and shipped safely to any part of the world.

☞ For further particulars as to references, prices and terms, address,

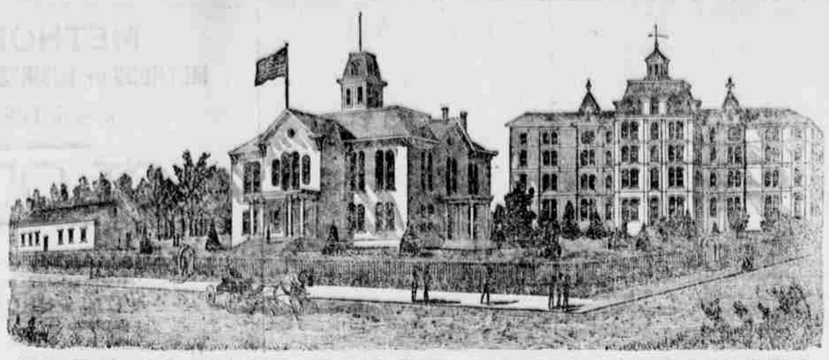
ALBRECHT & CO.
610 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
July 14, 1876.-1y.

NOTICE.

From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set lights at four dollars each.

The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.

Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
Oct. 15, '76.- C. W. MILLER, Se



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

T. L. GRISWOLD, A. M., M. D Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft, spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I Academic, II. Commercial, III. Course in Music, IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of Citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal,

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees. COL. J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.
Sept. 8, '76.-1y

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE.

1st. A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR, with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements.

2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bases of rooms; being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

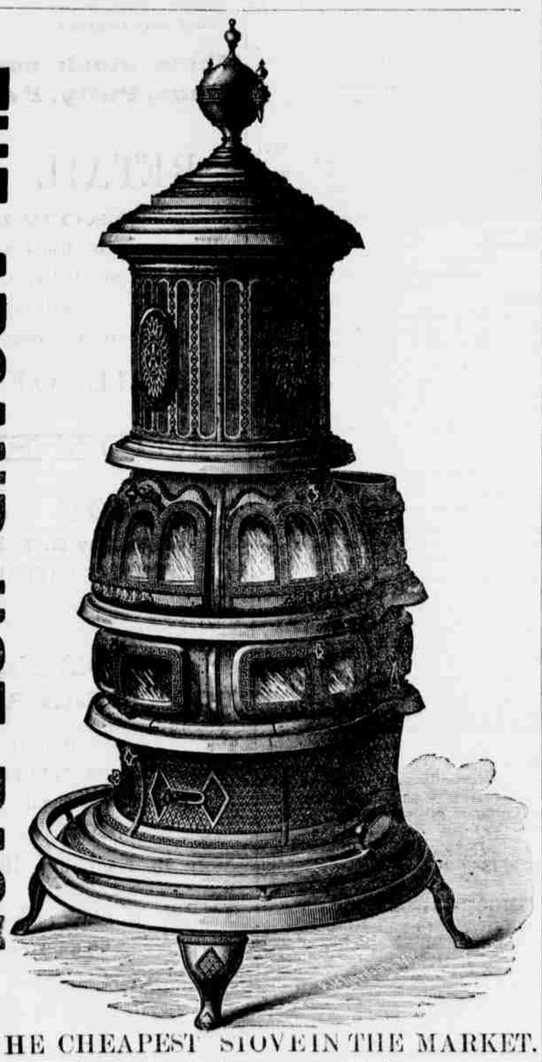
Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.,

and for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE ARCAND HOT BASE.



IS THE CHEAPEST STOVE IN THE MARKET.

Because the Heat passes around the Base

HEATING THE WHOLE STOVE.

Allowing no waste heat to pass up the chimney.

A SMALL ARCAND

will do as much work as a large stove of any other make with less than

HALF THE COAL.

For ECONOMY and BEAUTY it cannot be excelled. DO NOT FAIL TO EXAMINE THE ARGAND before buying elsewhere.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

ROLLINS & HOLMES,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

All kinds and prices

GREEN TEA AND BLACK TEA.

AT

J. H. MAIZE'S

MAMMOTH GROCERY.

Corner Main and Center Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Oct. 8, 1875.-tf.

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 997.

☞ *N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.*

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

Important to Lawyers.

Justices of the Peace, Constables, Executors, Administrators, Guardian, Township officers, and business men generally.

We have on hand a large assortment of legal blanks for the use of Attorneys, Justices and Constable's blanks of all kinds, Note and Receipt books for Administrators &c.

PRICE LIST.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS.

Precipe for Summons.
" " Fi. Fa.
" " Rule to take Depositions.
" " " choose Arbitrators.
2 cents apiece, or $1.75 per hundred.

Petition for Appointment of Guardian.
" " Citation
Rule to take Depositions.
Narr in Debt, with Confession,
" " Assumpsit.
Mechanics Lien.
4 cents each or $3.50 per hundred.
Petition for sale of Real Estate 8 cents each.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

Subpœnas, Summons, Warrants, Executions, 20 to 25 cents each.

Leases	5 cents each
Rent Deeds	10 " "
Parchment Deeds	15 " "
Agreements	5 " "
Orphan's Court Sales	10 for $1 50
Constable's Sales	2 cents each
Mortgage and Bond	12 " "
All kinds of Notes	1 " "

Receipts, Notes, School Orders, Peer Orders, Store Orders, neatly bound, constantly on hand, or made to order on short notice.

We are prepared to do better job work than any other office in this county.

BLOOKWAY & ELWELL,
Editors and Proprietors of the COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

THOROUGHLY CURES DISEASES OF THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND ABRASIONS OF THE CUTICLE AND COUNTERACTS CONTAGION.

This Standard External Remedy for Eruptions, Sores and Injuries of the Skin, not only REMOVES FROM THE COMPLEXION ALL BLEMISHES arising from local impurities of the blood and obstruction of the pores, but also those produced by the sun and wind, such as tan and freckles. It renders the CUTICLE MARVELOUSLY CLEAR, SMOOTH and PLIANT, and being a WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER is far preferable to any cosmetic.

ALL THE REMEDIAL ADVANTAGES OF SULPHUR BATHS are insured BY THE USE OF *Glenn's Sulphur Soap,* which in addition to its purifying effects, remedies and PREVENTS RHEUMATISM and GOUT.

It also DISINFECTS CLOTHING and LINEN and PREVENTS DISEASES COMMUNICATED BY CONTACT with the PERSON.

IT DISSOLVES DANDRUFF, prevents baldness, and retards grayness of the hair.

Physicians speak of it in high terms.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

N. B.—The 50 cent cakes are triple the size of those at 25 cents.

"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE," Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

Oct. 26, '76.-1y.

SIDDALL'S Magnetic Soap.

The Cheapest Soap that can be used for the following Reasons:

1st.—One bar will go as far as two of any other.

2d.—Only half the usual rubbing being required, there is a saving of more than the entire cost of the Soap in labor alone.

3d.—The Clothes are made SWEET, CLEAN, and WHITE without BOILING or SCALDING, thus all injury to them is avoided. There is a saving in fuel and hard work, and the washing is done in about half the usual time.

4 It is also guaranteed under a penalty of fifty dollars not to injure the clothes or hands, and as one trial will enable any person to ascertain the truth of these statements, it would never pay the proprietor to engage in an extensive system of advertising and claim such decided merit for his soap unless he knew from positive experience that it would prove to be in every respect what is claimed for it.

This is also a superior Soap for SHAVING and TOILET purposes.

WARNER RHODES & CO.,
WHOLESALE FANCY GROCERS,
Aug. 4 '76.—4m H. C. & Co. GENERAL AGENTS, Philadelphia, Pa

Send 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of nine newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.- March 10'76 6y1

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his large and elegant stock

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED,
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS,
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

July 1, 76-tf.

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads. Where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875-

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

61.7-tf

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF PAINTS,

OILS,

BRUSHES,

JAPAN DRYER &

PUTTY.

Strictly PURE WHITE LEAD 11 cents per pound, guaranteed equal to any in the market.

MONTOUR WHITE LEAD at 10 cents per pound, equal to any for durability.

MONTOUR SLATE PAINTS 8, 9 and 10 cents per pound, according to color.

MONTOUR METALLIC BROWN 8 cents per pound. The best Fire-Proof Iron Paint in the Market.

MONTOUR METALLIC BROWN dry 2 and 3 cents per pound. According to quantity.

Best Quality of Paint Brushes at low prices.

PURE LINSEED OIL

which we buy in large quantities, direct from the Manufacturer, and offer at the lowest Market price.

BEST JAPAN DRYER.

Acknowledged by all our leading Painters to be the best in the Market.

All our goods are guaranteed as represented and our paints to be ground in pure linseed oil, or the money refunded on demand.

Send for sample card and price list with testimonials,

HENRY S. REAY,
Sole Manufacturer.
RUPERT, PA.

May 5, '76.-1y.

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address George Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.
Sept. 8, '76.-11m.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

July 12, 1876.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,38 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,33 a. m. and 7,36 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,28 6,34 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,31 a. m., Pottsville, 12,16 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,20 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,30 6,35 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.
Leave Williamsport 9,20 a.m, 12,05 m. and 5,00 p. m
Passengers arrive from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
Jan. 14, 1876—tf. General Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1875, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5,20 a. m., arrive Elmira	11,50 a. m.
" " Canandaigua	3,35 p. m.
" " Rochester	5,15 "
" " Niagara	9 40 "
Renovo accommodation 11,10 a. m. arrive Williamsport	4,15 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4,15 a. m., arrive Elmira	10,20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7,15 a. m. arrive Buffalo	8,50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2,50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg	4,50 a. m
" " Baltimore	8,40 "
Elmira Mail 11,15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg	1,50 p. m
" " Washington	10,20 "
" " Baltimore	6,30 "
" " Washington	8,20 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8,40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg	10,50 p. m.
" " arrive Baltimore	2,25 a. m
" " Washington	6,15 "
Erie Mail 12,25 a. m. arrive Harrisburg	3,05 a. m.
" " Baltimore	8,40 "
" " Washington	10,25 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manage

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, APR. 23, 1876 the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE EXPRESS	leaves New York	2 30 p. m
" "	" Philadelphia	5,45 p. m
" "	" Baltimore	1,20 p. m
" "	" Harrisburg	9,30 p. m
" "	arr. at Williamsport	12,30 a. m
" "	" Lock Haven	1,10 a. m
" "	" Erie	10,00 a. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves New York	8,25 p. m
" "	" Philadelphia	11,25 p. m
" "	" Baltimore	9,10 p. m
" "	" Harrisburg	4,35 a. m
" "	" Williamsport	8,35 a. m
" "	" Lock Haven	9,40 a. m
" "	" Renovo	12,15 p. m
" "	arr. at Erie	7,30 p. m
NIAGARA EXPRESS	leaves Philadelphia	7,20 a. m
" "	" Baltimore	5,30 a. m
" "	" Harrisburg	10,45 a. m
" "	arr. at Williamsport	2,30 p. m
" "	" Lock Haven	3,15 p. m
" "	" Renovo	6,10 p. m
" "	" Kane	9,00 p. m
" "	" Buffalo	
SUNDAY EXPRESS	leaves New York	8,25 p. m
" "	" Philadelphia	11,25 p. m
" "	" Baltimore	9,10 p. m
" "	" Harrisburg	4,10 a. m
" "	arr. at Williamsport	7,40 a. m

EASTWARD.

PHIL'A EXPRESS	leaves Erie	6,10 p. m
" "	" Lock Haven	2,15 a. m
" "	" Williamsport	3,05 p. m
" "	arrives at Harrisburg	6,10 a. m
" "	" Baltimore	11,10 p. m
" "	" Philadelphia	9,35 a. m
" "	" New York	12,55 p. m
DAY EXPRESS	leaves Kane	6,05 a. m
" "	" Renovo	9,10 a. m
" "	" Lock Haven	11, 0 a. m
" "	" Williamsport	12,00 p. m
" "	arr. at Harrisburg	4,10 p. m
" "	" Philadelphia	7,20 p. m
" "	" New York	10,10 p. m
" "	" Baltimore	7,25 p. m
" "	" Washington	8,20 p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11,30 a. m
" "	" Renovo	2,40 p. m
" "	" Lock Haven	3,45 p. m
" "	" Williamsport	11,15 p. m
" "	arr. at Harrisburg	2,45 a. m
" "	" Baltimore	7,05 a. m
" "	" Philadelphia	7,00 a. m
" "	" New York	10,10 a. m
FAST LINE	leaves Williamsport	12,55 a. m
" "	arr. at Harrisburg	3,15 a. m
" "	" Baltimore	7,55 a. m
" "	" Philadelphia	7,50 a. m
" "	" New York	10,45 a. m
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